A BIG DAY AT STURGIS.

Corner Stone of the New Col-

lege to Be Laid

the following:

occasion of great interest.

the oratorio of Handel's Messiah.

competed for this prize.

will address the audience.

1. Children.

5. Chorus.

6. Citizens.

2. Prayer.

8. Dinner.

Speakers of note from

2. Warren's Brass Band.

3. Benevolent Societies.

4. Speakers and Committees.

ORDER OF EXERCISES.

1. "Praise God from Whom," etc.

3. "My Country 'Tis of Thee.

SHOT HERSELF.

Widow of the Late Senator Ma

chen Commits Suicide,

On the 23d of May Mrs. W. B.

Clinton Democrat says:

The season of th

5. Hallelujah Chorus.

7. Music by Band.

6. Laying Corner Stone.

PROGRAMME:

STARVED OUT.

Western Settlers Seeking Homes

In a Better Country.

Turning to The South.

Frankfort, Ky., June 2 .- 1'he South continues to attract the attention of people in the West and Northwest seeking a more favorable climate and with the proper effort on the part of its citizens Kentucky should receive a part of this immigration. A general movement from the arid region of Nebraska is indicated by a letter received here by Hon. C. J. be in line and sing for the occasion Norwood, Inspector of Mines and Curator of the State Geological Department. The letter is from Stockville, in the southwestern part of Nebrasks, under date of May 24, and it should Band which took the first premium at be of interest to the people of this New Orleans when one hundred bands

State. The writer says:

"One of the most direful drouths that have ever visited the Northwest seems apparantly to be upon us. Many of the most enthusiastic men of our country have despaired and given up all hopes of raising any crop this year. We had a failure in 1893 and 1894 also, and now our people are placed in the most deplorable condition known in the history of our State. Our people are leaving as fast as due preparations can be made. Most of them are going Southwest. There is a large soldiers' colony organization going into Georgia, that has a membership of several thousand from this state: another of the same character going into Utah, starting from here in September or October next; while a third is just being formulated, going into Alabama and Mississippi. A representative of the last named colony left our county only a few days ago, to view the lands offered and if possible make a per manent organization.

"Many of our people do not wish to go so far south as Alabama or Missis sippi, and as I was in correspondence with you last winter I have been enabled to elicit a deep interest with them in behalt of your State. Our people are mostly all Northern people, and are abreast of the time; many of them through all these years of drouth have been self-sustaining, until now they are almost penniless-the most wealthy have nearly come to not, from a personal knowledge, intor the advancement of the public schools and the State generally.

with short notice to give a few hunjoin in moving to your State, with decided that Mrs. Machen should go an addition built to the house, where and went on to Nortonville, where she be proceeded against at any time. So reference to land, free transportation to Eddyville and spend the summer there is a room with a lofty ceiling, got off. It is said the child is hers, look well to your roads, citizens, one for families, household goods, stock, with her son, Frank Machen. It is and here are collected most of her pre- and that she is a member of a very and all.—Cadiz Telephone. etc. Also free transportation for a thought that the invalid feared they cious relics. The presence of these prominent family. It is probable that treating committee to go and return, were going to take her to an asylum, and other women who might be menetc. As a representative, in part, I and that she forestalled them by tak- tioned, lend an additional interest to so far as the courts are concerned. am acting in behalf of many who ing her own life. The pistol with the Nation's Capital. They are living must soon move to some other portion which she shot herself was a No. 38, representatives of much that is imporof the United States. Most of our and she got it out of her son's valise. tant in the history of this country. people are farmers, while we have a Besides her son Frank and daughter and they are not only of attention ured in several fights and cutting fleeing with railroad speed toward a 15, to appoint delegates to the counfew of various trades. I think many Marjorie, she had other sons and a but of respect and affection from scrapes, near Sebree, and is the son of neighboring fence when a woman apwould object to going into a moun- married daughter, Mrs. Sayres, of thousands of citizens who admire the P. M. Willingham, candidate for the tainous region, that was very rough, Montgomery, who visited her a short lives and revere the memories of their Legislature from Webster county, or too far from railroads; if possible, time ago. they want a heathly climate and good It was the purpose of her son and Another woman whose husband taken to Dixon and jailed, on a war water. Their knowledge of farming daughter to go with her to the son's bore a prominent part in the late war, besterdy preferred by a Miss Melton. would reclaim with proper cultivation and care almost any of the so-called worn-out tarms of your State. I wish to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney. Mrs. to know the prospect for fruit and many for the iourney and who is regarded with affectionate bastardy, preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the young ignl gave birth to a child while Willingham was broken and her mother, who is regarded with affectionate bastardy, preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the young ignl gave birth to a child while Willingham was broken and her mother, who is regarded with affectionate bastardy, preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the young ignl gave broken and who is regarded with affectionate bastardy, preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the disappeared over the bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the disappeared over the bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the disappeared over the bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who lives near Sebree. It seems on last Saturday the disappeared over the bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who is regarded with affectionate bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who is regarded with affectionate bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who is regarded with affectionate bastardy preferred by a Miss Melton, who is regarded with affectiona

is evident that it will be well worth our while to endeavor to secure some of the intending emigrants for this State. I will be glad, therefore, to hear from the immigration societies that have been formed in the various that the finding emigrants for this floor it was discovered that a ball from the immigration societies the first twill be monument. A great many of the heroes of the late war have been honored in this way, and arrangements have been perfected for a statue to days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it at once. Electric Bitters to hear from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's will prove our statement. Price only from a 38 caliber pistol had ploughed its cruel way from the temple to the heroes of the late war have been honored in this way, and arrangements have been perfected for a statue to days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it is cruel way from the temple to the course of the late war have been honored in this way, and arrangements have been perfected for a statue to days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it is cruel way from the temple to cure of all his mother into the house. Electric Bitters to hee. Electric Bitters to hee. Pleater that have been formed in the various counties upon the question of character and prices of lands that are for sale, etc., and from individuals as well. I will be glad to receive lists of lands for sale, and any literature Machen, who died in 1893.

SOME PROMINENT WOMEN.

he Widows of Distinguished Men Who Reside in Washington.

Special to the PRESS.

WASHINGTON, June 3, '95. From the committee having the The widow of James G. Blaine has matter in charge, we have received been a figure in society at the Nations Capital of special interest during the We present you herewith a pro- past season. Although Mrs. Blaine gramme of exercises for the laying of is still in mourning for her distinthe corner stone of the college in Stur guished husband, and in consequence gis June 11, proximo. The intention does not go out in general society, yet is to make it a memorable day and an she is found occasionally at the homes of close friends, and has made her We expect five hundred Masons t appearance on several occasions at be present. The Grand Master of the small companies. She attended the State will officiate in laying the stone. recent wedding of Miss Leiter, as the All benevolent orders, Odd Fellows, relations between the families have Knights of Pythias, Knights of the baen, during recent years, quite inti Golden Cross, are invited to be presmate. When the Leiters came to this ent. Several hundred children will city to reside they leased the Blaine house on Dupont circle, which is near A chorus of one hundred adult voices the house they have built and now will sing the Hallelujah chorus from occupy. At that time Mr. Blaine was in private life, and when he accepted Warren's Band of Evansville have office again he purchased the residence been engaged. This is the famous on Lafayette Square, which he fitted up for his use, and where his last days morning while attempting to break assented to by Judges Eastin, Grace the free and unlimited coinage of the

were spent. As is well known that house has been torn down and a theatre building is being erected on the site. Du ring the past winter Mrs. Blaine has been living in the big house on Dupont circle, the only members of the family with her being her son, James G. Blain, ir., and Miss Abigail Dodge (Gail Hamilton). A daughter, Mrs. Truxton Beal, however, has her home in this city, while the other daughter, Mrs. Damrosh, lives in New York It is understood that Mrs. Blaine finds the house too large, and does not intend to occupy it for another season. She proposes to lease it furnished and it is said that Mr. Westinghouse the inventor of the air brake, contem-

plates occupying it next year. The widow of another distinguished man, Mrs. U.S. Grant, has been spending the greater part of the winter in Washington, and has been liv ing with her daughter, Mrs. Sartoris who occupies and leased house, Whil-Mrs. Grant's plans for the future hav not been fully decided upon, yet it i understood that she intends to make her permanent home here, and has been looking around for a suitable house. It seems to be now pietty certain that Mrs. Sartoris will marry again, the fortunate man, according to report, being Gen, Kyd Douglass, Machen, widow of the late W. B. of Maryland. While Gen, Douglass Machen, committed suicide at the is a resident of Maryland, yet it is

home of her sister at Clinton. The stated he will make his home here after marriage. Last fall, desiring to give her dau. As is well known the widow of Gen levil with the poorest. As an agent ghter Marjorie the advantages of our Logan continued her residence in this the case of the child that was left on schools, Mrs. Machen came to Clinton city after the death of her husband, Mr. James Hughes' doorstep last ing which will at once dispell the preplies I can safely say that you could and for several months before her and she has always been an active and week. The man Lovell, who was ardeath she lived with her sister, Mrs. prominent figure in social and charit- rested and put in jail, has been releaduce a better class into your country Mollie Sublette. Ill health caused able circles. Her home on the heights sed on bond, his father and brother ment for neglect of duty. The stather mind to give way, and during the overlooking the city is one of the coming over from Madisonville to get utes now prescribe that prosecutions almost entire period of her residence points of interest to visitors, and those him out. A woman named Carrie under this head shall be by warrant "I have been requested by several here she was afflicted with dementia of who gain admission can examine the Wilson brought the child from Padua more or less violent type. On ac- extensive collection which she has cah, and she and Lovell took it to court, and returned before him and count of the state of her own health made of mementoes connected with Mr: Hughes'. A young woman whose disposed of. So the custom of work-Mrs. Sublette found the care of her the career of her distinguished hus- home is in Hopkins county, accompa- ing public roads just before circuit sister a serious burthen, and it was band. In fact she some time ago had nied the Wilson woman on the trip, court is a useless one, as overseers can

to know the prospect for fruit and preparations for the journey. Mrs. had his home and it was here that he in Sebree gloriously drunk, probably term products this year also the price. Minms is a very old lady, but was died. Mrs. Sheridan was left with farm products this year, also the price Mimms is a very old lady, but was died. Mrs. Sheridan was left with of improved and wild lands—Central busy about the house and gave but and Southern Kentucky."

with a very old tady, but was time for him to take a hand, armed with a warrant the years of her widowbood are being walked up and placed him under articular trouble for many years, with severe about five o'clock left the house and passed in devoted attention to their rest and took him to the jail at Dixon pains in his back and also that hi situation described, Mr. Norwood went to an outbuilding in the rear of training and education, It is probasaid: "I know from past correspon- the premises. It was there she was ble that before many years have pass- dence with the author of the letter discovered by her mother shortly after ed the valuable public services of all that the people of whom he writes five, lying prone upon the floor,—in these men will be commemorated by are much interested in Kentucky. It a faint, as the mother supposed, who the erection in this city of some suitais evident that it will be well worth hurriedly summoned Frank to help ble monument. A great many of the



(From the Cadiz Telephone) Trigg County's New Court-house.

lowever, in this city statues of Abraham Lincoln, Chief Justice Marshall, President Garfield, and Prof. Joseph Henry. It is not unlikely that in the near future steps will be taken to do and in spite of the tips that had been honor to the memory of James G. Blaine, the statesman.

Clubbed to Death.

Swanagan, colored, was killed this written by Chief Justice Pryor and

Another Old Couple.

comes very near it. Mr. Howard and fied that it could be repealed at the of whom are now living. Mr. How- of the United States. January, 1896. He is still well pre- hold the contrary view are depressed. Mrs. Howard were in town Tuesday vere blow to the civil liberties of the clock. on business .- Princeton Banner.

Released from Jail.

The Princeton Banner says: There have been no further developments in

The Other Case.

was arrested in Sebree Saturday and He was later released on bail, and will be tried in a few days.—Sturgis

Knights of Maccabees.

have been neglected. There are now Regular size 50c. and \$1.00,

The Banks Win.

Frankfort, Ky., June 1 .- The de cision of the Court of Appeals of the bank tax cases was rendered today, given out, it caused considerable surthe conclusion that the court was still them. undecided, when a full bench met Henderson, Ky., May 30.-John and handed in the decision, which was

jailer Whitehead, and three negro is consequently favorable to the State of the bills. trusties. The negro fought desper- almost doubling its revenues from this ately for his liberty until clubbed to source, but is adverse to the counties death with billies by the jail authori- and cities, which will receive no taxes ties. The coroner's jury returned a from the banks. It will result in verdict justifying the jailer and his bringing the total receipts of the State Treasury from banks up to about \$360,000 per annum, which will also be paid for last year, and will within ship neighborhood, having read in the the present financial embarrassment. Banner last week the notice of Mr. The minority opinion was written by

Important to Road Overseers.

tain candidate. He visited a farm house and stated to walk up to the ding forward with every manifesta- hereby called to meet at their respec William Willingham, who has fig- tion of anger. The candidate was tive voting place, at 2 o'clock June peared at the door and called out: on the 17th. "The dog won't bite; what are you running for?" The politicion did not slacken speed for an instant, but as ed, "I'm running for the Legisla

> It May Do As Much For You. Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill. bladder was affected. He tried many so called kidney cures but withou and good result. About a year ag he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitter

CARLISLE IN JULY, 189:



HON. W. M. SMITH, Mayfield, Ky. DEAR SIR: Your fayor of the 13th nstant is just received. Every Democrat in the Senate voted against the silver bill as it was finally amended and reported by the conference committee, because we believe it was worse than the existing law. If the Farmers Alliance of Graves county believes that this Republican measure which substantially stops the coinage of the silver dollar after one year, is better than the Democratic law of 1878, they are of course entitled to prise. People generally had come to their opinion, but I do not agree with

When the original House bill was under consideration in the Senate, I voted to amend it so as to provide for jail. A conspiracy to escape had been and Hazlerigg, and in effect declares silver dollar, and that amendment found to exist between several of the that the banks have a vested right was adopted. The House, however, prisoners, which when they attempted under the Hewitt law, which requires refused to agree to this amendment, to accomplish it, resulted in the death | them to pay seventy-five cents on the | and then a conference committee was of the leader. Swanagan was a pow- \$100 of capital stock to the State and appointed, which struck out free coinerful fellow, and before he was sub- relieves them of all county, district, age entirely, and this is the bill I vo-

Yours truly, J. G. CARLISLE.

Democratic State Convention.

The following is the call for the Democratic State Convention:

be held at each voting precinct at the and legislative district a convention and Mrs. Lee Watson, of Lyon coun- Judge Paynter, and signed by Judges of the voters thereof at 2 o'clock p. ty, who have been married 61 years, Lewis and Guffy, and holds that the m., to select delegates to a county says he can't beat their record, but terms of the original contract speci- or legislative district convention to be held at the county seat, except his wife were married in December, pleasure of the State, and that they that in counties or cities composed of 1835, nearly sixty years ago, and had are sustained by decisions of the high- more than one legislative district, twelve children born to them, eight est State court and the Supreme Court the delegates shall meet at some place to be designated by the respecard was born in Friendship in Janua- The bankers are in high feather tive legislative committees, on Monry, 1810, and will be 85 years old in over the decision, while those who day, June 17, at 2 o'clock p. m., and at said county and district convenserved and made his own crops until The latter declare that the action of tions delegates shall be chosen to relast year. Mrs. Howard will be 77 the court will upset the State system present said counties and legislative years old in July, and is still doing of taxation. One prominent attorney districts in a state convention to be her own housework. Both Mr. and went so far as to say that it was a se- held on Tuesday, June 25, at 12 o'-

> .The basis of representation on the part of each precinct to said coun ty and legislative district conventions shall be one delegate for each fifty In the circuit court last Tuesday votes cast for the Democratic electcast; provided, however, that such precincts as cast less than twenty-five votes for said electors shall be enti-

> tled to one delegate. "The basis of the representation to the state convention from counties and legislative districts shall be one delegate for every 200 votes and each fraction over 100 votes for the Dem. ocratic electors at the Presidential election in 1892; provided, however, that such counties as cast 100 votes A pretty good joke is told on a cer- or less for said electors shall be enti tled to one delegate."

In accordance with the above the Democrats of Crittenden county are

According to the rule prescribed by the State Committee each precinct

	No.	No.
De	m. Votes.	Delegate
Marion No. 1,	60	1
Marion No. 2,	94	2
Marion No. 3,	76	2
Marion No. 4,	84	2
Dycusburg.	132	3
Union,	94	2
Sheridan,	63	1
Tolu.	112	2
Fords Ferry,	84	2
Bells Mines,	193	3
Piney,	156	3
	P. S. M	axwell,
	Ch'n Dem	Co Com

Last Call.

I have waited as long as I can and for there will be no exceptions what-

To those living in malarial districts Tutt's Pills

Mress.

are indispensible, they keep the system in perfect order and are

an absolute cure for sick headache, indigestion, Big Cut in Prices malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases. **Tutt's Liver Pills**

WOOL CARDING.

The old reliable carder is ready and doing the best of work; so bring your wool and get it carded, for the You will find Mr. G. L. Rankin wilfifth pound toll or seven cents per ling to wais on you and sell you goods my old patrons for all past favors. though these times find me as thankful as ever before. All work guaranteed. Respectfully,

> S. J. Mitchell, Salem, Ky.

Confectionery!

restaurant 2 doors south of Marion of absolute necessity and of business Hotel. I have a clean, complete with us. We must have the money stock of all kinds, fruits of all kinds debts. Mr. George M. Crider has etc., etc. My prices will be as low charge of all our notes and accounts as possible for the best grade of and he is instructed to pass no one,

A first class restaurant in connection with other business. J. ches. hot or cold and meals f ashed at dued he whipped jailer Kohl, deputy and municipal taxation. The result ted against. I send by mail all three all hours. Everything neat and clean. Come and see me. Dont forget the place, 2 doors south of Marion Hotel. All kinds of nonintoxicating summer drinks.

MACHEN WILSON.

Having bought out the Geo. L. Rankin stock of goods at Weston. I am selling the old stock out regardless of cost. I have put in a new stock of goods and am selling them at rock bottom prices and ask all to come and see me. I have everything kept in a pound cash, and bring one pound of for cash at lowest prices, and I make grease for every eight pounds of a specialty of Ohio river salt, which wool; and I do feel truly thankful to I am selling at \$1 per bbl., Call and see me before buying elsewhere.

IF YOU OWE US,

We now say to you with the kindest of feeling, but in all earnestness, hat we must have the money at once will be entirely useless for any one o any for more time, as it is impossible for us to extend further accom-I have opened a confectionery and no longer a matter of friendship but but collect from all alike

Prompt action on your part will save you money

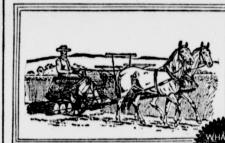
Yours truly PIERCE & SON.

THE MOST remarkable cures on record have been accomplished by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is unequalled for all BLOOD DISEASES.

"Resolved, That on June 15 there Are You Ready

1895.

There's only one way to get ready so that you can be sure that you are ready -and I am ready to get you ready with the World-Beating,



LIGHT-RUNNING McCORMICK STEEL BINDERS AND MOWERS.

Most Durably Built. Lightest in Draft. Greatest in Capacity,

Simplest in Construction.

All Competition Staid Away from the McCormick in the **World's Fair Tests**

I might to-day be selling a line of so-called "cheap" a price which would still be high, but prefer to sell the high-value McCormick at a price which experience will most assuredly prove is low. Glad to show my friends these machines at any time. Come in and see them.

I also represent the best threshers, engines, saw mills, corn mills, corn crushers, cane mills, hay presses, etc., direct from the manufactures, and keep on hand machinery repairs and supplies. My binder twine is new See McCormick sign.

H. F. RAY.

Wool Carding!

0

The undersigned desires to say that he is will be entitled to send the following now prepared to Card Wool. Having had twenty years experience in wool carding and my machine being in first class order I feel safe in saying that I can and will do satisfactory work. Parties living at a distance can club together and send wool in hundred pound lots or over. I will pay freight one way. Mark each parcel of wool with owners name and say cash or toll. Send one pound of clean lard for eight pounds of wool.

Very Respectfully,

R. N. DOSS, MARION, KY.

We are authorized to announce G. N. McGREW

as a candidate to represent Crittennext General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Demo-

We are authorized to announce T. J. NICKELL

as a candidate for Representative from the legislative district of Livthe action of the Democratic party,

Remember the precinct meetings Siturday, the 15th. The call is published in this paper.

Lyon county adopted prohibition by a vote of 613 to 378. Crittenden votes next. What will she do?

ky to undo some more a work that he bethtown News. has been the chief factor in accomplishing for twenty years past.

A majority of the Kentucky Democrats will stand by the "King James" version of Democracy. This new fangled translation will not stand

Lieut. Governor Alford announces that he is a candidate for Governor. He is a "sound money" man, but does not want anything said about it in the State platform.

deeply interested in the schools.

they want official recognition at the vicinity of those cities. hands of their white brethren. This kind of a cyclone can alwas be safely predicted, but it was never known to hurt anybody.

Mr. Adams, candidate for the legislature is out in a card in the Smithland Banner in which he says: am for sound money and Gen. S. Buckner for United States Senator.' Which we presume means that Mr. Adams is for the gold standard.

Times of May 31 is "a thing of beauty," and should be a joy forever to its publisher and to the town and county he so ably represents. It is and Saturday the Court of Appeals seperate schools. an illustrated edition of many pages, rendered a decision upholding the and everything in and about it is position of the banks, and hereafter

Convention yesterday to discuss the on other property is only 42½ cents. currency question. As the delegates The court holds that the Hewitt law from almost every county in the gave the banks certain rights and the State are instructed to vote for free legislature has no power to change announce some more that the "silver besides \$120,000 annually into the and old bachelors. craze" is dying out.

Lyon county, which has been a long time moist, has joined its neighbors, Livingston and Trigg, and voted for wish they would a dry spell. Crittenden is the next price of this paper, and make each county to vote on local option in that copy worth one dollar. It certainly bailiwick and it is not unlikely that she will follow suit. The dry crowd seems to be getting about everything it goes after this year.-Paducah News,

A mountaineer convict in th Frankfort penitentiary was found glorious?y drunk; an investigation showsome molasses and a tea kett'e he disalways been noted for their skill in mixing drinks, and now as prohibition seems to be on the increase the art is taking a more elaborate turn, and doubtless in a short time an ear of corn and a little branch water will enable the accomplished Kentuckian to evolve a solution to the problem e ufronting him in prohibition locali.

The Washington correspondent of by storm on his first trip, and it is price of the Journal had fallen. Now Sunday and were the guests of Mr. not likely that he would make a com- let the government remove those re- and Mrs. John Lowery. plete revolution if he came every week until the crack of doom. A great man like Mr. Carlisle might ultimately convert Kentucky to his way of thinking, but it would take way of thinking was goods in black cools and solutions are solved and solutions and solutions are solved and solutions are solved and solutions are solved and solutions are solved and solv some little time; in fact his former cent paper worth five cents, it permitted it to do work that was waiting to be forgotten and rubbed out of existence before i e can successfully do the

To treat silver as we treat gold at the mints may be a very, very bad thing, worthy of all condemnation, but the fact remains that it has been the Democratic doctrine for years. In State and National platforms and in Congress, where men's votes go on imperishable record, there has been practically no party dissensions, and now where you see Democrats fleeing from the old landmarks, and as they take to their heels cry to their bretha candidate to represent Crittenden ren w o remain steadfast, "Popuand Livingston counties in the next lists, Populists," it reminds one of General Assembly of Kentucky, the fellow who ran crying, "stop subject to the action of the Democratic thief, stop thief," when it was his own dear self that had transgressed

Under the single gold standard, the treasury of the United States den and Livingston counties in the with its \$100,000,000 of the yellow metal, will have to sustain \$346,-000,000 of green backs, \$600,000, and relatives in Lyon county. 006 in the silver currency and \$207,existence. In other words the gov- and Sunday. ernment must stand good to redeem George Crof's little girl fell from ten dollars or more with every dollar porch Saturday and was hurt but not ingston und Crittenden, subject to in gold. How long do you think it serious. can susta'n it? Cannot a rich syndicate at any time draw the gold out ing a few days in Sheridan. of the treasury and force the government to issue more bonds or abandon do business with his obligations Joseph Taylor and Robt Threlkeld. amounting to ten times the amount of his ability to pay them. No gov ernment can do it either. Down with Mr. Carlisle will return to Kentuc- the single gold standard!-Eliza-

Circuit Judge Jackson, of Louis. ille, and Judge Richie, county judge of Jefferson county, have decided that the law closing saloons on Sunday is unconstitutional. While backward on the saloon question, the people in some of the counties away from the metropolis are wiping them out of existence. The cities are also growing less grespectful to they will do no damage. court decisions. While the big cities rummer days in Marion. More than usual interest was ta- are the centers of intelligence, com ken in the Trustee elections through - merce and all of that, they are also out the county Saturday, All of the centers of those forces that are which shows that the people are most destructive to christianity. Sodom and Gomorrah were cities, and Lot had to go to the country to save The colored Republicans of Louis- himself from getting unpleasantly ville are resolving some more that warm, during a heated season in the

'Some years ago the revenue law known as the Hewitt law, fixed the tax on banks at 75 cents on each one hundred dollars worth of stock, and this tax, payable to the State, was in lieu of all other taxes, county, town, school or railroad. In other words, the banks paid the State taxes. Under the new constitution Sunday. and new legislation, it was held that the banks were taxable just like oth-The issue of the Todd County er property-no more for State purposes than other property, and no less for all local purposes. The banks took the matter into the courts of the 29 at this place, but will go as bank stock will be taxed for State purposes only. The rate of taxation. The Democrats of Illinois met in however, is 75 cents, while the rate

> It by legislation the government can regulate the price of silver, we is more nearly worth one dollar than erson Journal.

State Treasury.

well supported, and their prosperity is evidence that Henderson needs and too. can sustain two papers on a parity. ed that with a piece of corn bread. possible, and say, Mr. Journal, you M. Wigginton elected trustee. must cease to exist as a newspaper, tilled some mountain dew on his own you can only publish a little eight by have taken to base ball with a vim hook. Kentucky gentlemen have ten poster. Now and then you may in all its "uniformity." publish a news item—that item must be very small and purely local. The price of the Journal would certainly | town Saturday on the price of the Journal would certainly | W. H. Porter, R. R. agent, was in fall, and the business of the Gleaner would certainly advance. The Jour nal and its friends would raise a great hue and cry, but the people would go right on buying the Gleaner, and its friends would swear that it was the in town last Saturday. only newspaper in town. The Gleaner would sell for a nickel right along was in Kelsey shopping last week. and its publishers might even rai e the Sunday Courier Journal says that business. Of course the government the price, having a monopoly of the it may be possible that Mr. Carlisle by legislation could not raise the price will not come back to Kentucky to of the Journal, neither did it lower make another speech on the currency the price, but by taking the largest question. He did tot carry the State per cent. of the work from the Journal and giving it to the Gleaner, the

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENTS.

D. Tinsley, who was drowned in Barnett's lake several days ago, was aken up last week and an inquest

Mrs. L. A. Weldon spent several days in Marion last week.

Albert Curnel left his wife last Monday; she has concluded not to live with him any more.

Born to the wife of Lenny Guile, May 27 twin girls; one of the little

W. P. Crider and family and Miss Minnie McAmis are visiting friends

Raymon Babb and family are visi 000,000 of national bank notes in ting L. A. Weldou's family Saturday

S. B. Weldon and family are send-

Barnett school district elected Geo. Croft and Abe Aivis as trustees; Tolu the single standard? Such an idea elected Dr, Ike Clement as successor can't stand. No man can continue to of R. A. Moore; Colon elected two,

James Sullinger is fisherman of the day and has caught some nice ones. J. W. Guess and Lewis Terry are hauling coal from Kit and Jacks coal

Dick Dorr and Miss Edna Cossitt vere in town Sunday.

W. P. Crawford and wife spent Sunday in Marion. Notwithstanding the hot weather, ning.

the courts in Louisville are going the people will trade, our town is so througed every Saturday that it is almost like election day. School teachers are as thick as cut

worms have been but we only hope the Sabbath, if we are to judge from James worley is spending the lovely Sunday. Numerous friends give

Letzinger, of Marion, is again in our midst; "he wears his hat now." Clifford McAmis, of E'town, Ills.

is visiting relatives of this place. Prof. Crawford Wright, of Carrsbrother E. S. Wright. of this place. this week. Miss Jessie DeGraffenreid is on the

sick list. Joe Lofton was coming from Marion Miss Mamie Yates has gone to the Politically, things are quieter than their team ran away, Lucas received country for a short stay. a bruise on the knee, and Lofton got

Quartely, meeting at Hurricane the second Saturday and Sunday.

his wrist sprained.

Rev, Hodge Murphey filled his 75 cents and were liable for no other regular appointment at Hurricane Rev. George Summers, of Levias,

> will preach at Forest Hill Sunday and at Tolu Sunday evening of the 2nd. Hurricane and Tolu Sunday schools will be represented at the convention

Mrs. Ida Moore, of Sheridan, is risiting her brother R. A. Moore. Newton Horney is on the sick list.

Butler Cain, the patent auger agt Weston, was in our midst last week Mrs. W. C. Hamilton, of Weston,

returned home last Wednesday. Lola can boast of her live stock coinage resolutions, the gold bugs what was really a contract. This market, but Tolu can boast of her can now have a good opportunity to will take about \$360,000 back taxes roller mills, cheap stores, pretty girls

The wheat in this vicinity will soon

FREDONIA.

George Wolf, Ira Bennett, Oscar fifty cents worth of silver is.—Hend- Gray and George Koon went down near Dycusburg last Monday on a There are two papers published in camp-out fishing expedision, return-Henderson; both are good papers, ing Friday night with the usual amount of luck - "bait all gone fish

The annual trustee and school tax Let the government step in, if it were election was held last Saturday; A.

The colored gentry of the town

Lenard Guess, of Crider, was in town Saturday on his bicycle, and town on his bicycle too, but it bucked with him" and he left his likeness in the dust of Main street. Nelson Dalton, of Crittenden, was

Miss Carrie McCall, of Union City think she is likely to get the school Tenn, attended church here last again,

Miss Ella Black and brother, Geo, surprised last Sunday morning to Glenn and wife and Fred Guess, of meet W. G. Conditt in such an unu-Crider, attended church here last sual appearance. He was siding

black ground goods. Sam Howerton. See our duck pants. Sam Howerton.

glassware and queensware at prices

never before heard of. S. C. Bennett.

C. B. Doyd and others went on a graud fishing trip Tuesday returning Wednesday evenlog.

Mrs. Mattie Myers, of Princeton, with her two boys have been visiting relatives in town for several days. Several of the citizens went to Princeton Monday and Tuesday.

to suit you, if you are needing anything in my line. S. C. Bennett. Mrs. Dr. S. Leeper and son Frank

attended the commencement exercises at Princeton last week. A large crowd from observed decoration day at Pleasant Hill ceme-

tery last week.

were in town Tuesday. CARRSVILLE.

Instead of the warm weather driving the cut worms away, they seem

Mr. T. A. Rhodes has been canvassing this vicinity of the Milwau-

Bert Hays has been taken to jail. The mil! here is in a flourishing

Mr. T. B. Hall, the young preacher who has been attending school at Elkton, Ky., returned Saturday mor-

Aunt Minerva Clemens, Mrs. Woods and Mrs. Watson are on the

sick list this week. The death angel visited the home of Wm. Trail and took from him h's wife. The funeral took place last

bereavement. Mr. O, L. Foster was in town Saturday, we could not tell his business beat. Now let our old school house

but can guess. Mrs. Wm. Crawford is visiting her ville is spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Brewer, of this place

Many of our young people are making arrangements to attend Hamp-Monday while Sidney Lucas and ton Academy entertainment June 5. son.

Mr. McGrew was in town Satur

Children's day at Bethel next Sun

Dinner on the grounds; the programme is very elaborate and will it took the entire services of our best no doubt be eniertaining. doctors to save the old cuss. They Since the close of his sc ool, Prof

M. C. Wright has been to see his bonnie lass" that's far away. Dodd.

FREEDOM.

Wasn't that a nice little shower. Whoever that was shot at Mrs. Carick bad better look out.

There was a party at Mr. McEwens ast week. The former correspondent from this

place has gone on a trip around the world, and "Papago" will furnish the Freedom news in first-class style. Mrs. G. M. Russell is on the sick

What is the matter with Gipsey Holoman?

There was prayer meeting at Freedom Wednesday night.

Subscribe for the PRESS, the best country newspaper published. Pretty hot and no cutworms.

RESTAURANT-Meals served at all R. C. Fritts, Freedom. John Fritts saw Sunshine's panther

not long since. Wheat is needing rain in this sec-

This is Papago's first effort, so overook mistakes. Messrs. W. E. Fritts and R. O.

Nesbitt have got their corn plowed over twice and are going over it the Papago.

OAK HALL.

S. W. King was elected school trustee for Oak Hall district.

Miss Mary Moore has made appli-Mrs Effle Oliver, of Dpcusburg cation for our school, she taught us a first class school last year and we Some of our neighbors were some

face backward, standing up in hi stirups which were taken up to the last hole, his hands thrown up, and self he said, "I have a new girl at New was goods in black goods and my house which makes five couning

> Have you noticed the absence of flies this year? Such absence is said

NEW SALEM.

Weather hot and dry; what little tobacco was set is about all dead; pastures dried up, oat crop about played out, corn planting about completed the 2d and 3d time.

Little Everett Gillis, who lives at Uncle Jeff LaRue's, met with a serious mishap last Friday, in doing some work with an ax. It glanced and WANTED: - Everybody to call and nearly cut his foot off. He was carexamine my stock and get my prices. ried home and a doctor summoned, Goods and prices will both be sure and all that medical skill could do was done for him; he is getting along as well as could be expected, under the circumstances.

Daniel Jones. who lives on t farm of Esq. E. H. Taylor, lost a valuable young horse on Friday last, By some means the horse became entaugled in a barb wire tence, and cut its throat, and when found was dead, S. C. McElroy and M. G. Young having bled to death. This is the second horse that Daniel has lost in the first year, and being a poor man. it goes quite hard with him, especial-

ly these hard times. Our school election at New Salem passed off quietly. Wm. Taylor and Joe Pace were elected; we hope they may qualify, as they are both good men, and will make number one trustees; would say to teachers applying for a school to give us a rest, for there are about twenty applications

already in. This dry weather is becoming quite serious matter to our bluff neighbors; some of them inform us that! one more weak plays out the water supply, and then from two to three miles with their stock for water, and some will have to haul water for family use; with but little crop prospects and out of water, makes quite a bad

state of affairs. New Salem church has been treated to quite a dressing of new shutters to the windows and some handsome imtheir sympathy to Mr. Trail in his provements on the interior of the church makes it one of the handsomest country churches anywhere in this

have a dressing up. Rev. E. M. Eaton preached at Childress school house on the first Sab-

Mrs. Lee White, of Sisco's Chapel, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Cros-

for many years. Coroner M. J. Perigan, of Sheri-

dan, was in this section last week on official business. Newt is little, but he gets there all the same. One of our neighbors undertook to hive a nest of regular old bald headed Keutuoky bumble bees the othet day.

ay he makes 2:40 time now if he sees horse fly coming towards him. BLOOMING ROSE.

Mrs. James Vaughn is very low ith consumption.

Sunday School at our place every Sunday at 4 o'clock p. m. Misses Susie and Vickie Curhel spent Saturday and Sunday with friends at Lola.

lotice

Having bought out the Geo. L. Rankin stock of goods at Weston. I am selling the old stock out regardless of cost. I have put in a new stock of goods and am selling them at rock bottom prices and ask all to come and see me. I have everything kept in a country store—dry goods, groceries, farming implements of every kind. You will find Mr. G. L. Rankin willing to wais on you and sell you goods for cash at lowest prices, and I make a specialty of Ohio river salt, which I am selling at \$1 per bbl., Call and see me before buying elsewhere. Resp'y, E. H. PORTER,

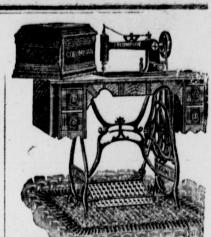
Constipation. & Biliousness

Sick-headache. Pains in the back, Sallow complexion,

Loss of appetite and Exhaustion. There is only one cure, which is

N'S LIVER PILLS TONIC PELLETS One Pink Pill touches the liver and

ELECTRICIAN NIKOLA TESLA Nikola Tesla, the young Servian inventor whose workshop was recently destroyed by fire in New York, is rivaling Edison as an electrician. He sends messages without a wire, produces electric light by induction, allows 200,000 volts to pass through his body when 1,000 will kill, and performs other marvelous feats. He is 37 years old.



Columbia Sewing Machine A first class machine. A 5 year guarantee with every machine for only \$22,00. I repair any and all kinds of Sewing Machines and guar-

antee the work. A. J. CHITTENDEN,

Marion, Ky.

DECULIAR in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great curative value. You should TRY IT-

Times are hard, I must and will have money, will positively sell anything and everything in the Grocery and Hardware line at COST for the next 30 days.

Mason Fruit Jars, 80 cents per dozen. Sealing Wax Fruit Jars, 65 cents per dozen. Granulated Sugar 19 pounds for \$1.00. Light C Sugar 20 pounds for \$1,00. Cups and Saucers 15 cents pe Glasses 15 cents per set. Water Buckets, 10 cents each.

> ***************** I AM HANDLING THE

Geo. Delker Buggy. The Best Buggy Made in the World.

Disc Cultivators, The Best Made, Handled By

Buggy Harness, from \$5,00 up. Nails, wire and in fact everything else in the Hardware line positively at first cost for the next 30 days. We want your Wool, Ginsang and Feathers, will pay you spot cash for them.

M. SCHWAB.

In Wednesday night. Bro. Ramsey gave the people quite talk Sunday. His subject was, talk Sunday. His subject was,

We Want to Supply Your wants in Our Line.

We announce to the Farmers of Crittenden and adjoining counties that we are handling Farming Machinery this season, and will supply you with as good as the market affords



LOWEST PRICES.

We handle the Mogul Wagon, one of best made. WE HAVE THE CELEBRATED

Champion Harvesting Machines,

So long known, so well tried and greatly prized by farmers of the South and West.

Your attention is especially called to our own make of plows. Our double shovels, new ground plows and cultivators are extensively used and highly appreciated by many farmerswe are selling them very low and know that a fair trial will convince you of their many good qualities. We are also handling

National Corn, Tobacco and Wheat Fertilizers,

One of the best commercial fertilizers known. It has been sold in this county for years, and s recommended by many of the best farmers

open, restores the digestive organs, tones up the nervous system and makes new rich blood. Complete treatment, two medicines, one price, 25c.

Treatise and sample free at any store.

MARION,

Knowing that we have good goods, and will give you value received for every dollar you spend with us, we earnestly solicit your trade. As to our reliability, we refer to our record for the many years we have done business in MARION,

The Aress.

R. C. WALKER, Publisher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce &

Lime at Pierce & Son's.

Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

County court next Monday.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion. Dr. Jordan, the dentest, of Marion. Doors and sash at Walker & Olives Get a copy of Coin's Financial

School at Hearin's. Fly bumpers.

A. Dewey & Co. Hair ornaments, the latest, at Mrs Loving's.

Go to Thomas Bros. for fine ice cream and cold drinks.

Quarterly meeting at Hurricane Saturday and Sunday.

examined Friday and Saturday. The baptistry at the Baptist church

More than thirty teachers will

You should see those lovely baby caps at Mrs. Loving's.

of this place has been completed.

Mrs. Loving has lovely new white hats just received.

Mr. O. M. James will speak at New Salem Saturday night, June 8.

Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere. A. Dewey & Co.

B, Kevil has qualified as administrator of J. H. Aarons, deceased.

Save money and buy your screen A. Dewey & Co.

Sam Patterson-engaged in white-the defense. washing.

No requisition papers were issued from the Missouri prison.

Walker & Olive.

A. Dewey & Co.

We offer for sale a poney as gentle as can be and will work anywhere,

single or double. Mr. Jonathan Jacobs was in town Saturday, fixing his pension papers.

He gets about \$400 the first draw. Monday morning Messrs. Burkalow peace. They report that he beat and abused a couple of boys Sunday.

Mr. T. J. Nickell spent two days in count in the next issue. this county last week, mixing with the voters. He has been kept at home by illness in his family for several weeks, but now hopes to see some of the voters of the district.

Sturgis Ledger.

making it produce that which is useful, and very valuable about meal

mill at Henderson. Mr. Dewey 's conceded by mill men to be one of the be a veterinary surgeon. He cursed best millers in Southern Kentucky. and yelled and yelled and cursed while It is to be regretted that he is going in court. His wife, who accompanied to leave Marion.

erly of this place.

were Dr. W. J. Deboe, W. B. Yan- of town the next day, dell, H. A. Haynes, Jno, T. Eranks, W. D. Haynes, O. S. Young, A. M. Henry, Milt Babb.

John Parr and Bob Brown are responsible for the story that a Caldwell old patrons of the mill and the pubcounty farmer has been setting his lic generally may be assured that for \$910. tobacco and fortifying against the cut everything will be all right. Mr. worm by wrapping a piece of paper Kevil has no superior as a miller in loosely around the root of each plant this country; he has been in the bubefore it was put in the ground.

her management, will give an enter- prompt. The product of the Marion tainment at the School House Hall roller mill and its business methods Friday night, June 7. A splendid programme has been prepared for the people. rybody in vited.

Princeton Choral Union

The Princeton Choral Union will give a concert at the opera house at Marion Monday evening, June 10, The music will be of the very high. est class, and all lovers of good musie can not afford to miss it.

Mr. Nickell Will Speak.

Mr. T. J. Nickell requests us to announce that he will address the people at Marion Monday, June 10. in regard to the legislative race. The other candidates are invited, and fair division of time will be accorded

Short Lived Felicity,

On May 16, Mr. Jesse Jennings and Miss Eva Dobbs, of near Crayneville, were united in marriage. On the 5th day thereafter they disagreed and he departed; on the third day he was recalled, and everything promised peace and happiness, but in a day or two there was another separation. It was the bride who was fickle.

A week ago Suuday a Mr. Kline, who has been representing a "Memorial Company" in that section, and Miss Effie Butler, a young lady of the Salem neighborhood, without consulting their friends, left for Tennessee. At Dover they were married and who by honesty and economy has Friday they returned to Salem.;

Sunday was observed as children's day at the Methodist church; the smile of fortune and we are glad to yellow metal is deposited. This wo- of some months, returned this week. Sunday School and preaching hours extend him our hand in congratula- man is a mystery to us. She seems were consumed by the children's pro- ion. The other heirs in Erath coun- ro have plenty of money to back town, Ill., was in Marion Monday. gramme. Declamations and essays ty are Allan W. Zimmerman, Eliza- her judgment, and is yet buying church work, songs and prayer service Duy Il and Birdie Worley. Messrs. er is asked for it and says her for- week. filled the time. The church was Cook & Vincent of this place have tune will be made in Blackford. decorated with flowers, and the little been retained as counsel for the heirs. folks were happy.

Norris, charged with "conspiring and plains the situation: banding together to intimidate," was called Friday, but on account of the geant John Zimmerman, who lives at familiar with the business world and absence of a Commonwealth witness 267 Rutledge street, Williamsburg, if she goes on at the rate she is go was postponed until next Friday. Brooklyn, is said to be one of the Attorney A. C. Moore has been em- heirs to a fortune valued at \$25,000, ployed to assist in the prosecution and 000. Over sixty years ago Mrs. Ma. Jailer Hard has his one boarder- O. M. James will conduct the fight for tilda Meunch, the grandmother of

and Miss Bulah Barnes. of Sebree, leaving all of his property to her and for Goode, and he has been released of Webster county, were united in her sister for use during her lifetime, marriage at the residenc of the fa- The survivor of the two was to inher-Get your building lumber from ther of the bride, Mr. Len Barnes, it all, and at her death the property Wednesday morning, June 5. The was to be divided among all her de couple have scores of friends in this scendants who might then be alive. A car load of fine white Union and Livingston county who join with Mrs. Meunch outlived her sister by the Press in extending congratulat-

Commencement Exercises.

The commencement exercises of the Marion Graded School will be held at the opera house. There are some twenty or more graduates in the common school branches: each of these has to deliver an oration or read an essay; good music will be one feature and there are many other and Teer, from Harold came to town good things in the programme. Maand had a warrant issued charging rion will attend en masse. The Wm. Tabor with a breach of the PRESS is printed too early to give any account of the splendid affair

Weldon-Davis

Repton, Ky., June 5 .- Mr. James Weldon, of Curdsville, and Miss Mrs. Cora Batman, Miss Mandie Lula Davis, of Repton, were united Blakeley, Mr. Will Carter, Fred C. Sam Hazel, a negro who resided in in marriage at the Methodist church Clement, Miss Sarah J. Deikey, Joe Sturgis up to a year ago, was lynched at Brownsville, Ind., May 18. Af- Debo, J. H. Duncan, Elic Endaley, between Blackburn and Shawneetown ter the ceremony they went to Curds- Mrs. J. W. Gass, G. W. Grayson, last Friday evening. He had stolen ville, where a grand reception was Sink Hunter, Miss Sallie Hodge, Miss a fine horse, which cost him his life- given them; after remaining there Mary Hase, Tony Johnson, A. B. some days they came to Repton, to Tissington, Miss Sarah Long, J. W. bride's parents-Mr. and Mrs. W. Martin, John F. Mayes, Chas. Reich, The best gardner in the county is P. Davis. The groom is a promi- J, D. Reeves, Miss Cora Sugg, L. D. Lark Hard. He has transformed the nent farmer and business man of Sheffor, Isam N. Smith, Miss Cora deserted appearance of the jail lots Curdsville. The bride is the accom- Travis, Wilson White, and C. Walinto a thing of real beauty, and is plished daughter of W. P. Davis, a ker. prominent farmer of this section.

Thursday the town officers had to take a blind man in charge because of ments for putting up a big flouring his boisterous, rowdy conduct. His name it was Smith, and he claimed to him, said that he was not drunk but hungry, and that if the court would A few nights ago a burglar visited give him a cup of nice strong, hot a number of private residences in coffee, that it would settle his nerves Princeton and helped himself to the and he would come around all right. contents of the pockets of the trou- The court took a different view of the sers of his victims. Among the un- matter, however, and sent him to jail fortunates was Mr. S. Hodge, form- to spend the night. This evidently suited the prisoner exactly, and his wife remarked that it was usual for Several persons left Tuesday to her to be sent to the hotel when he attend the Republican State Conven- went to jail. The court had caught tion at Louisvil'e. Among them a tartar and was glad to get him out

Mr. David Kevil, who has purchased Mr. A. Dewey's half interest in the Marion roller mill will devote his time to the mill business, and the siness a long time, and understands it in every detail; he is also a splen-Mrs. Thomas' music class, under did business man, attentive and

occasion and the public may confi- A telegram received here Monday Rev. W. H. Miley will preach at you cheaper than any one; call and dently expect something good. Eve- announced the discharge of William Deans School house the third Sun- get our prices.

HEIRS TO A MILLION.

Who May be Millionares

land and Austria, and amounts to \$25,000,000. This a right snug little sum for any man, and to one situated looks like too much for the finite mind to grasp. John is a steady, hard working farmer, near town, made a living for his family and accumulated some property besides. These She seems to be in good faith and are the kind of men who deserve the says she knows exactly where the The following from the weekly Globe-

New York, July 13 .- Police Ser-Sergeant Zimmerman, came to this country. In 1841 or 1842 she recei-Elder R. A. LaRue of this count y ved word that her father had died,

> many years, and died in Jersey City year ago, shortly after she had celebrated her 96th birthday. She hud never bothered about the property in her lifetime, believing lit was of small value, and gave notice to the executors that they should let it stand for

During these sixty years the property has increased greatly in value, as most of it was in real estate scattered and others. about Germany, England, Austria, Lots that were worth little or nothing at the time the original will was frawn, are now said to be of great value. Lawver Hubbell, of this city. hunted the matter up and has located this week, but we will give a full ac- twenty-two heirs. One of them is

Letter List,

Miss Sailie Brown, B. H. Benford

If the above letters are not called the dead letter office.

At the regular meeting of Blackwell Lodge No. 57, the following of ficers were elected for the ensuing

A. M. Hearin, P. M.

Chancellor Commander.-H. F

Vice Chancellor,-J. F. Dodge. Prelate. - Eld. J. S. Henry. Master of Work .- G. M. Crider. Master of Arms. -S. R. Adams. District Deputy .- H. A. Haynes. Delegate to Grand Lodge, -John r. Franks.

Deeds Recorded.

J. M. Travis to T. A. Travis, 55 acres for \$650. James King's heirs to R. W

Moore, 20 acres for \$50. F. A. Jacobs to Trustees Schoo District No. 44, lot for \$16.50, C. C. Heine to Jacob Heine, land

Berry James, the saw mill man of making all kinds of wooden hoops dition to his business will afford a next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. market for a great deal of timber that has always been worthless heretofore in this section. In a few weeks the machine will be at work.

Goode from jail at Charleston, Mo. day afternoon at 3:30 and at hight,

Gold Discovered in Blackford

ED. PRESS: Mrs. Julia McDaniels arrived in our town Wednesday, Some Crittenden County People May 29, from some point in Indiana week. and at once instituted a search for something, no one knew what. After searching from Wednesday until Saturday noon, she was seen to look over many lots in town, and it was a ville, curiosity to our people to know what From the Stephensville (Texas) she was in search of; but finally she town Tuesday. Inquirer we clip the following. The went to Vaughn & Curry's mill, and John Zimmerman referred to moved proposed to buy from them two houfrom this county to Texas several ses and lots, also their mill and mill years ago, and the Duvall spoken of lot; they told her the price and she is the wife of Mr. Alonzo Duvall of at once told them it was a trade and Marion, and Birdie Worley is the advanced enough money to make lamented wife of John Worley of this good her word. Then she went to severel weeks. John G. Simpson and asked him his "The many friends of John Zim- price on his property and he told nerman in this county will be glad to her, so she said with a smile on her know that he, together with other re- face, "that's cheap enough," and latives, will soon come into possession any anced enough to make good the of an immense fortune, through the trade, and then she went to Farmer death of a relative. The fortune is Burch and proposed buying his pro- in town yesterday. in land, situated in Germany, Eng- perty and they agreed on the price and closed the trade, and after buying property too numerous to menlike Mr. Zimmerman, it no doubt had purchased the property that she would at once begin to dig for gold. Tuesday morning she hired all the spent Thursday in Marion. idle men in town and began the opening of what she called a gold mine.

Mrs. McDaniels is of Indian de scent, and says that she is related to The trial of Gregory, Fritts and Democrat of July 17, 1894, fully ex- Powhatan, Pocahontas and many other famous Indians. She is very intelligent and seems to be perfectly ing now, it will be but a few days until she will own the town. It is of friends in Marion. quite a boom to our quiet little town and our people are much excited over Dycusburg, were guests of W. B. the flattering prospects of it soon Yandell's family last week. growing into a city, and of Webster the Mississippi valley. May the good begun work continue.

Longfellow.

Minutes. Saturday, June 1, 1895.

The devotional service was con ducted by W. J. Hill, with Dseveral the past two weeks, but will be able earnest prayers for an outpouring of to deliver goods to her customers in a the Holy Ghost, upon this occasion. few days. The first topic on the programme was how can we improve our Sunday school. The subject was ably and earnestly discussed by J. P. Hogard

There being no singing classes present except the Wilson Chapel class, it made the music for the oc-

The district president H. S. Wheeer then made his report, which showed up well for this district.

not so good as they might have been only two in the district being report- known the whereabouts of each other ed which were very good.

The two reports made by their Superintendents were Sue Phillips, of a "Mother Hubbard" party at the re-Wilson Chapel, and Newt Lamb, of sidence of their mother, Mrs. T. J. Sugar Greve school, which reports | Cameron, last Friday night, in honor were encouraging for their schools. of their guest, Miss Mabel Hayden of The clot hen sang Resurrection Detroit, Mich The crowd met at

termissica for one hour and a half, several pleasant hours. which time was spent in a hearty reception of the bountiful repast that was spread before the multitude.

After recess, the topic, The influence of the Sunday school on citizenfor in thirty days they will be sent to ship, on society and on the church, was discussed at length by R. M Franks. W, A. Jacobs and M. H.

Miley. Importance of efficient primary by W. A. Jacobs, R. M, Franks, Mrs. J. M. Lamb, M. H. 'Miley, A

A. Deboe and W. J. Hill. The convention then closed with benedictory prayer by M. H. Miley. prices. M. H. Miley, Moderator,

S. D. Jacobs, Secretary.

The School Board held a meeting Monday afternoon and decided to have an eight month term of the Graded School next year. Contracts were made with S. W. Adams and

Walter Blackburn to teach. The Secretary was directed to re ceive bids for the construction of an sides of the school property.

Quarterly Meeting.

J. D. Fraser, P. C.

We bought our fruit jars last season at bottom prices, and since the great advance in prices we can sell PERSONAL.

C. S. Nunn was in Princeton Tues

Mr. H. K. Woods is in Louis

Caswell Bennett left last night for Ardmore, I, T.

Mrs. J. F. Price has been ill for

Mrs. H. F. Ray is visiting friends

Mr. Caswell Bennett returned from he West last week. Mr. L. H. James is attending

court at Princeton. Mr. Isaac Linley, of Salem,

Mr. Frank Cossitt, of Evansville, was in town Tuesday. Mr. M. V. Meachem, of Christian

county, was in town Sunday. Dr. Driskill, of Grand Rivers.

Mr. S. A. Frazier, of Shady Grove vas in Marion Saturday. Mr. Wm. Briggs, after an absence

Dr. W. J. J. Paris, of Elizabeth-Mrs. Thomas Hearin spent a few oncerning the various branches of beth Zimmerman, (now Harris) Amer property for which she pays whatev- days with friends at Eddyville last

> Mr. A. J. Bennett, of Tolu, was in town Monday en route home from

> Dr. J. R. Clark was called to see patient, Mrs. Travis, near Grand Rivers last week. Mrs. Maggie Noggle and Miss

> Ettie Carter, of DcKoven, are guests Mr, Bud Wallingford and wife, of

> Miss Della Kevil returned from

county becoming the Eldorado of Bowling Green Tuesday, where she has been attending college. Mr. H. J. Powell, general agent

for the Manhattan Life Insurance Co., was in town Saturday. District S. S. Convention of First Mr. Will F. Clement, of this place, District met in Wilsons Chapel on is speuding the week in Corydon, the guest of Mr. Will Aton.

Mrs. Russell has been quite sick for

Messrs. John Franks, Wm. Baird, and Mrs. Lizzie Williams and Miss Eva Williams, went to Providence Mr. W. I. Cruce returned from

Ardmore, I. T., last week. He is well pleased with the country and the situation of affairs out there, and may make it his permanent home. Mrs. Wright, of Litchfield, is the

guest of Mrs. Margaret Rochester, Reports of individual schools were of this place. They are old friends but until recently had not met or for fifty years.

Misses Mary and Vic Cameron gave Dr. T. H. Cossitt's, and marched to The Node ator then announced in- Mrs. Cameron's, where they spent

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the highest market price for it. W. D. Havnes.

The Sunday School Convention at Wilson's Chapel Saturday was largely attended, and the programme was interesting. Addresses were made by Messrs. Miley, Hogard. Hill and others. The singing by the Wilson Chateaching was discussed with interest pel class was splendid, and a most excellent dinner was served,

> every bundle warranted; get our county? A. Dewey & Co.

Henderson Tragedy.

Henderson, Ky., June 3 .- About 6 o'clock this mor ing in the Walnut Bottom, opposite Mt. Vernon, Ind., Morgan Black went to the house of Goorge Fisher, a widower, and finding him in bed, began finding on him yet go to Congress? with a revolver. The first shot missed him and he sprang up and ran. As he did so Black shot him in the iron tence along the west and north arm, and again through the heart. After Gisher fell Black shot him in

Black claims Fisher was too inti-W. I. Cruce will move to Ardmore, T., about September 1, and that everybody in Marion and Crittenden county is sorry that he is to leave

Fisher was an overseer for Gerge Martin, and was highly respected.

Marion Planing Mills,

-MARION, KENTUCKY.

J. W. Wallace, of Tolu, was in Furnishes all Kinds of Building Lumber, such as:

FLOORING. SIDING. CEILING.

Cornice of all kinds, Brackets, Etc., MADE TO ORDER

Makes Doors and Window Frames, Does all kinds of Repairing in wood work.

Competes with anybody in prices, and excels all in quality of goods. Don't buy anything in our line until you see us. Mr. R. B. Dorr, our manager, has had 30 years experience in this work; he would be glad to have all of his old friends and customers to call.

R. N. DORR, Propt.

Children's Day.

PROGRAMME. Of Children's Day Exercises, to be

held at Greens Chapel Sunday. June 9, 1895: Opening exercise, song by two lit-

ce Wilson. Essay by Miss Eva Nunn. Singing by choir. ;

Dialogue by Mabel Wilson and Ro-Recitation, by Miss Cora Sullivan.

Essay by Miss Dedie Sultivan. Song by Choir,

mall, by three little girls and one ittle boy. Golden Gate exercise, Miss Masy Hamilton, guardian.

Intermission. Lecture, by J. E. Sullivan. Dialogue, The Pennys, by eight lit- good. We are very thankful to our

Collection of envelopes.

Song by the choir. Essay by Miss Mary Hamilton. Recitation by Addie Nunn. Song by the choir. Dialogue, Do it worth while. Recitation, by Hattie Truitt.

Dialogue, by Misses Nannie Cain and Susie Hamilton. Song by the choir. Essay, by Lillie Wilson.

Remarks by the Pastor, Rev. J. H. Everybody is cordially invited to Let all come and bring their bas-

kets well filled. Mary Hamilton, Lillie Wilson,

Did You Know That

The court house is neatly kept? Marion has a population of 1404? Marion is proud of her Graded

The town clock could not be dis John Skelton is making a good olice judge?

John Parr's merry laughter will cure the dyspepsia? The best school Marion ever had J. H. Morse is getting to be an ex-

Dr. J. H. Clark is the besh fisher-An iron fence will be put around

The weather never gets too hot for oostmaster Hearin to talk No one will be surprised if Crittenen does the same thing?

J. P. Pierce does more business than my other man in the county? 'Squire Postlethwait has purchased Livingston, Lyon and Trigg counties have voted for prohibition this

Three men have been hung by mobs Car load of shingles just received, and one by the law in Crittenden Frank Loyd is never happier than

> When deputy sheriff Pickens goes out after the boys he rarely returns ty to visit one of the large cities or spend a day with their friends along spend a day with their friends along Cad Bennett is knuckling down to the line. For further information

lots of friends and a splendid practice when he goes to New Mexico? Friday and Saturday next is examination day, and a score or more of

Dr. Swope will leave behind him

eachers will be on the anxious seat? ville street-the prettiest thorough-

Last Call.

sullivan, Union county, a sound hrashing last Saturday night, for there will be no exceptions whatceer. Jno. T. Franks, S. C. C.

Take Notice!

and sold Skelton's Medicines now fifth pound toll or seven cents per about twelve months and every bot- pound cash, and bring one pound of le girls and Lord's Prayer by Mau- tle has been sold on a guarantee. grease for every eight pounds of Some medicines are sold on a guaran- wool; and I do feel truly thankful to tee until they are established, and my old patrons for all past favors, that was solely our object of guaran- though these times find me as thankteeing, and we think that has been ful as ever before. All work guardone beyond a doubt, and we hereby anteed. Respectfully, give notice to whom it may concern, Song, Morning Light, Clara Nunn, that after this date that we will not sell any more medicine on a guarantee, nor will we refund for any that has been sold after this date. We A. C. MOORE Dialogue, Offerings, Great and shall continue to keep the medicine up to its present standard or better if possible, and all are expected to govern themselves according to the above notice. We have sold 2500 bottles and have refunded for 43 bottles only, which proves beyond a doubt Will practice in all the courts of

> for a continuance of the same. Marion Medicine Co. Marion, Ky.

that the medicine is exceptionally

patrons for their patronage and hope

Attention Farmers.

Tinware too cheap to advertise.

Dewey & Co.

our prices.

We are now ready to handle all your surplus wheat, for which we will ay you the highest market price. A. Dewey & Co.

Buy your screen doors from A.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber. mouldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get

A Dewey & Co. The I. W. Harper is the finest whiskey on earth. Used in moderation, is a sure specific for indigestion for general debility, for insomnia, to mental depression. It is as fragrant as ripe fruit and if used in moderation it lengthens life, adds to our joys

and drives dull care away.

The I. W. Harper whiskey is absolutely pure. It is prescribed by the ablest physicians of this country, and by degrees it is winning a world-wide reputation, Sold by

> J. H. Orme & Bro., Marion, Ky.

rices on any bill you may want. Plates 25 cents per set. A. F. Griffith.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for

sale by Walker & Olive, [Get our

Half Rates on Sundays. Taking effect May 26, the Louisville, St. Louis and Texas Railway will sell on every Sunday, round trip tackets, between all its stations on when in the discharge of official the main line, at one fare for the duties? on date of sale, good returning the same day. This gives an opportuni-

business in Ardmore, I. T., and may call on agents or address, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world fo Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Corns and all W. B. Yandell's new brick resi- Skin Eruptions, and positively cures dence will add to the beauty of Bell. Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per ox. For sale by H. K. Woods.

> Notice. All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, are hereby notified and will take notice that they are required to pre-

WOOL CARDING.

The old reliable carder is ready and doing the best of work; so bring We have made your wool and get it carded, for the

S. J. M.tchell,

Salem, Ky.

MOORE & MOORE, Attorneys at Law MARION, KY.

Crittenden and adjoining counties.

They will give prompt attention to all

business entrusted to their care. Special attention given to collections,

BLUE & DEBOE,

MARION, KY. Will practice in all courts of the state. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care. Office in brick building on public

James & James LAWYERS,

MARION, - - KENTUCKY. Practice in the courts of Crittende. and surrounding counties, and in the Court of Appeals.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. MARION, - KENTUCKY.

ROCHESTER & PIERCE,

Prompt attention given to all busi

ess entrusted to their care.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, OFFICE:-Second story Carna-

Prompt attention given to all busi-

ck, over R. F. Haynes' store.

ness entrusted to them. Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining courties. WILL

you to examine my line

WALL PAPERS

Why buy commonplace goods when you can obtain artistic styles at same cost by patronizing

MARION, KY.

(the largest and most complete in the town) of choice

and learn the prices.

It is reported here that the white caps gave a couple of negroes near Sullivan, Union county, a sound Sullivan, Union county, a sound 1894. Govern yourself accordingly, 1895.

.The third quarterly meeting for mate with his sister, who is a weak-

the Marion circuit M. E. church, minded woman. Black was arrested South, will be held at Hurricane next and brought here this afternoon and this place, is putting in machinery for Saturday and Sunday, June 8 and 9. lodged in jail. He made no resist-Rev. B. F. Orr will preach at the ence, It is thought Black is detor barrels, hogsheads, etc. This ad- at the Methodist church in Marion mented, he having once been in the

The Aress.

Publisher.

R. C. WALKER,

LOCAL NEWS. Needles, oils and supplies for all kinds of sewing machines at Pierce & Son's.

Lime at Pierce & Son's. Shingles at Walker & Olive's.

County court next Monday.

Dr. T. H. Cossitt, Dentist, Marion. Dr. Jordan, the dentest, of Marion. Doors and sash at Walker & Olives

Get a copy of Coin's Financial School at Hearin's.

A. Dewey & Co. Hair ornaments, the latest, at Mrs

Loving's. Go to Thomas Bros. for fine ice cream and cold drinks.

Quarterly meeting at Hurricane Saturday and Sunday.

More than thirty teachers will examined Friday and Saturday.

The baptistry at the Baptist church of this place has been completed.

You should see those lovely baby caps at Mrs. Loving's.

Mrs. Loving has lovely new white hats just received.

Salem Saturday night, June 8. Get out prices on screen doors before buying elsewhere.

A. Dewey & Co. B. Kevil has qualified as admin-

istrator of J. H. Aarons, deceased. Save money and buy your screen

A. Dewey & Co.

Sam Patterson-engaged in white- the defense. washing.

No requisition papers were issued from the Missouri prison.

Walker & Olive.

county corn for sale; price 50 cents A. Dewey & Co.

We offer for sale a poney as gentle as can be and will work anywhere, single or double.

Thomas Bros. Mr. Jonathan Jacobs was in town Saturday, fixing his pension papers.

He gets about \$400 the first draw. Monday morning Messrs. Burkalow and Teer, from Harold came to town and had a warrant issued charging Wm. Tabor with a breach of the peace. They report that he beat and abused a couple of boys Sunday.

Mr. T. J. Nickell spent two days in this county last week, mixing with the voters. He has been kept at home by illness in his family for several weeks, but now hopes to see some of the voters of the district.

making it produce that which is useful, and very valuable about meal

to leave Marion.

erly of this place.

were Dr. W. J. Deboe, W. B. Yan. of town the next day, dell, H. A. Haynes, Jno, T. Eranks, W. D. Haynes, O. S. Young, A. M. Henry, Milt Babb,

John Parr and Bob Brown are responsible for the story that a Caldwell county farmer has been setting his tobacco and fortifying against the cut worm by wrapping a piece of paper before it was put in the ground.

her management, will give an enter- prompt. The product of the Marion tainment at the School House Hall roller mill and its business methods Friday night, June 7. A splendid will continue to meet the approval of programme has been prepared for the occasion and the public may confirybody in vited.

Princeton Choral Union

The Princeton Choral Union will give a concert at the opera house at Marion Monday evening, June 10, The music will be of the very highest class, and all lovers of good music can not afford to miss it.

Mr. Nickell Will Speak.

Mr. T. J. Nickell requests us to announce that he will address the people at Marion Monday, June 10, in regard to the legislative race. The other candidates are invited, and fair division of time will be accorded

Short Lived Felicity.

On May 16, Mr. Jesse Jennings and Miss Eva Dobbs, of near Crayneville, were united in marriage. Or the 5th day thereafter they disagreed and he departed; on the third day he was recalled, and everything promised peace and happiness, but in a day or two there was another separation. It was the bride who was fickle.

A week ago Suuday a Mr. Kline, who has been representing a "Memorial Company" in that section, and like Mr. Zimmerman, it no doubt the Salem neighborhood, without con- mind to grasp. John is a steady, sulting their friends, left for Tennessee. At Dover they were married and who by honesty and economy has Friday they returned to Salem.;

Mr. O. M. James will speak at New filled the time. The church was Cook & Vincent of this place have tune will be made in Blackford. decorated with flowers, and the little been retained as counsel for the heirs.

Norris, charged with "conspiring and plains the situation: banding together to intimidate," was absence of a Commonwealth witness 267 Rutledge street, Williamsburg, if she goes on at the rate she is gowas postponed until next Friday. Brooklyn, is said to be one of the Attorney A. C. Moore has been em- heirs to a fortune valued at \$25,000,ployed to assist in the prosecution and 000. Over sixty years ago Mrs. Ma. Jailer Hard has his one boarder- O. M. James will conduct the fight for tilda Meunch, the grandmother of

and Miss Bulah Barnes. of Sebree, leaving all of his property to her and the Mississippi valley. May the has been attending college. for Goode, and he has been released of Webster county, were united in marriage at the residenc of the fa-Get your building lumber from ther of the bride, Mr. Len Barnes, Wednesday morning, June 5. The couple have scores of friends in this scendants who might then be alive. A car load of fine white Union and Livingston county who join with Mrs. Meunch outlived her sister by the Press in extending congratulat-

Commencement Exercises.

The commencement exercises of the Marion Graded School will be held at the opera house. There are some twenty or more graduates in the common school branches: each of these has to deliver an oration or read an essay; good music will be one feature and there are many other good things in the programme. Marion will attend en masse. The Press is printed too early to give any account of the splendid affair this week, but we will give a full account in the next issue.

Weldon-Davis

Repton, Ky., June 5 .- Mr. James Weldon, of Curdsville, and Miss Lula Davis, of Repton, were united Blakeley, Mr. Will Carter, Fred C Sam Hazel, a negro who resided in in marriage at the Methodist church Sturgis up to a year ago, was lynched at Brownsville, Ind., May 18. Afbetween Blackburn and Shawneetown ter the ceremony they went to Curds- Mrs. J. W. Gass, G. W. Grayson, last Friday evening. He had stolen ville, where a grand reception was Sink Hunter, Miss Sallie Hodge, Miss a fine horse, which cost him his life- given them; after remaining there Mary Hase, Tony Johnson, A. B. some days they came to Repton, to Tissington, Miss Sarah Long, J. W. bride's parents-Mr. and Mrs. W. The best gardner in the county is P. Davis. The groom is a promi- J, D. Reeves, Miss Cora Sugg, L. D. Lark Hard. He has transformed the nent farmer and business man of Sheffor, Isam N. Smith, Miss Cora ception of the bountiful repast that deserted appearance of the jail lots Curdsville. The bride is the accom- Travis, Wilson White, and C. Wal- was spread before the multitude. into a thing of real beauty, and is plished daughter of W. P. Davis, a ker. prominent farmer of this section.

Thursday the town officers had to take a blind man in charge because of ments for putting up a big flouring his boisterous, rowdy conduct. His mill at Henderson. Mr. Dewey's name it was Smith, and he claimed to conceded by mill men to be one of the be a veterinary surgeon. He cursed best millers in Southern Kentucky. and yelled and yelled and cursed while It is to be regretted that he is going in court. His wife, who accompanied him, said that he was not drunk but hungry, and that if the court would A few nights ago a burglar visited give him a cup of nice strong, hot a number of private residences in coffee, that it would settle his nerves Princeton and helped himself to the and he would come around all right. contents of the pockets of the trou- The court took a different view of the sers of his victims. Among the un- matter, however, and sent him to jail fortunates was Mr. S. Hodge, form- to spend the night. This evidently suited the prisoner exactly, and his wife remarked that it was usual for Several persons left Tuesday to her to be sent to the hotel when he attend the Republican State Conven. went to jail. The court had caught tion at Louisvil'e. Among them a tartar and was glad to get him out

Mr. David Kevil, who has purchased Mr. A. Dewey's half interest in the Marion roller mill will devote his time to the mill business, and the old patrons of the mill and the public generally may be assured that for \$910. everything will be all right. Mr. Kevil has no superior as a miller in loosely around the root of each plant this country; he has been in the business a long time, and understands it in every detail; he is also a splen-Mrs. Thomas' music class, under did business man, attentive and

the people.

HEIRS TO A MILLION.

Who May be Millionares

land and Austria, and amounts to \$25,000,000. This a right snug little sum for any man, and to one situated hard working farmer, near town, made a living for his family and accu-

The following from the weekly Globe-

Sergeant Zimmerman, came to this country. In 1841 or 1842 she recei-Elder R. A. LaRue of this county ved word that her father had died, The survivor of the two was to inherit all, and at her death the property was to be divided among all her de-

> year ago, shortly after she had celebrated her 96th birthday. She hud never bothered about the property in her lifetime, believing lit was of small value, and gave notice to the executors that they should let it stand for

During these sixty years the property has increased greatly in value, as most of it was in real estate scattered and others. about Germany, England, Austria, Lots that were worth little or nothing drawn, are now said to be of great casion. value. Lawyer Hubbell, of this city, twenty-two heirs. One of them is showed up well for this district. Zimmerman.

Letter List,

Miss Satlie Brown, B. H. Benford Mrs. Cora Batman, Miss Mandie Clement, Miss Sarah J. Deikey, Joe Debo, J. H. Duncan, Elic Endaley Martin, John F. Mayes, Chas. Reich,

If the above letters are not called the dead letter office. A. M. Hearin, P. M.

well Lodge No. 57, the following of-

Chancellor Commander.-H. F

Vice Chancellor,-J. F. Dodge. Prelate. - Eld. J. S. Henry. Master of Work .- G. M. Crider. Master of Arms. -S. R. Adams. District Deputy .- H. A. Haynes. Delegate to Grand Lodge, -John

Deeds Recorded.

J. M. Travis to T. A. Travis, 55

acres for \$650. James King's heirs to R. W Moore, 20 acres for \$50. F. A. Jacobs to Trustees School District No. 44, lot for \$16.50,

C. C. Heine to Jacob Heine, land

Berry James, the saw mill man of this place, is putting in machinery for making all kinds of wooden hoops market for a great deal of timber that has always been worthless heretofore in this section. In a few weeks the machine will be at work.

dently expect something good. Eve- announced the discharge of William Deans School house the third Sun- get our prices. Goods from jail at Charleston, Mo. day afternoon at 3:30 and at hight,

Gold Discovered in Blackford

ED. PRESS: Mrs. Julia McDaniels arrived in our town Wednesday, Some Crittenden County People May 29, from some point in Indiana week and at once instituted a search for something, no one knew what. After searching from Wednesday until Saturday noon, she was seen to look over many lots in town, and it was a ville, curiosity to our people to know what From the Stephensville (Texas) she was in search of; but finally she Inquirer we clip the tollowing. The went to Vaughn & Curry's mill, and John Zimmerman referred to moved proposed to buy from them two houfrom this county to Texas several ses and lots, also their mill and mill years ago, and the Duvall spoken of lot; they told her the price and she is the wife of Mr. Alonzo Duvall of at once told them it was a trade and in Tennessee. Marion, and Birdie Worley is the advanced enough money to make lamented wife of John Worley of this good her word. Then she went to severel weeks. John G. Simpson and asked him his "The many friends of John Zim- price on his property and he told nerman in this county will be glad to her, so she said with a smile on her know that he, together with other re- face, "that's cheap enough," and latives, will soon come into possession any anced enough to make good the of an immense fortune, through the trade, and then she went to Farmer death of a relative. The fortune is Burch and proposed buying his pro- in town yesterday.

in land, situated in Germany, Eng-perty and they agreed on the price and closed the trade, and after buying property too numerous to mention she told the parties of whom she Miss Effic Butler, a young lady of looks like too much for the finite had purchased the property that she Tuesday morning she hired all the idle men in town and began the opening of what she called a gold mine. mulated some property besides. These She seems to be in good faith and Sunday was observed as children's are the kind of men who deserve the says she knows exactly where the day at the Methodist church; the smile of fortune and we are glad to yellow metal is deposited. This wo-Sunday School and preaching hours extend him our hand in congratula- man is a mystery to us. She seems were consumed by the children's pro- tion. The other heirs in Erath coun- ro have plenty of money to back gramme. Declamations and essays ty are Allan W. Zimmerman, Eliza- her judgment, and is yet buying concerning the various branches of beth Zimmerman, (now Harris) Amer property for which she pays whatev- days with friends at Eddyville last church work, songs and prayer service Duy Ill and Birdie Worley. Messrs. er is asked for it and says her for- week.

Mrs. McDaniels is of Indian descent, and says that she is related to The trial of Gregory, Fritts and Democrat of July 17, 1894, fully ex- Powhatan, Pocahontas and many other famous Indians. She is very New York, July 13.—Police Ser- intelligent and seems to be perfectly called Friday, but on account of the geant John Zimmerman, who lives at familiar with the business world and ing now, it will be but a few days until she will own the town. It is of friends in Marion. quite a boom to our quiet little town and our people are much excited over Dycusburg, were guests of W. B. the flattering prospects of it soon Yandell's family last week. growing into a city, and of Webster county becoming the Eldorado of Bowling Green Tuesday, where she

good begun work continue. Minutes.

Saturday, June 1, 1895. The devotional service was con

ducted by W. J. Hill, with Dseveral the past two weeks, but will be able earnest prayers for an outpouring of to deliver goods to her customers in a the Holy Ghost, upon this occasion, few days. The first topic on the programme was how can we improve our Sunday school. The subject was ably and earnestly discussed by J. P. Hogard

There being no singing classes present except the Wilson Chapel at the time the original will was class, it made the music for the oc-

The district president H. S. Wheehunted the matter up and has located | er then made his report, which

ed which were very good.

The two reports made by their Superintendents were Sue Phillips, of a "Mother Hubbard" party at the re-Wilson Chapel, and Newt Lamb, of sidence of their mother, Mrs. T. J. Sugar Greve school, which reports | Cameron, last Friday night, in honor were encouraging for their schools. of their guest, Miss Mabel Hayden of The cloth hen sang Resurrection Detroit, Mich The crowd met at

termissica for one hour and a half, several pleasant hours. which time was spent in a hearty re-

After recess, the topic, The influence of the Sunday school on citizenfor in thirty days they will be sent to ship, on society and on the church, was discussed at length by R. M Franks. W. A. Jacobs and M. H.

teaching was discussed with interest pel class was splendid, and a most ficers were elected for the ensuing by W. A. Jacobs, R. M, Franks, excellent dinner was served, Mrs. J. M. Lamb, M. H. 'Miley, A. A. Deboe and W. J. Hill.

The convention then closed with penedictory prayer by M. H. Miley. M. H. Miley, Moderator.

S. D. Jacobs, Secretary.

The School Board held a meeting 6 o'clock this morning in the Walnut Walter Blackburn to teach.

The Secretary was directed to resides of the school property.

Quarterly Meeting.

dition to his business will afford a next Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. J, D. Fraser, P. C.

We bought our fruit jars last season at bottom prices, and since the A telegram received here Monday Rev. W. R. Miley will preach at you cheaper than any one; call and PERSONAL.

C. S. Nunn was in Princeton Tues

Mr. H. K. Woods is in Louis I. W. Wallace, of Tolu, was in Furnishes all Kinds of Building Lumber, such as:

town Tuesday. Caswell Bennett left last night for Ardmore, I, T.

Mrs. H. F. Ray is visiting friends

Mrs. J. F. Price has been ill for

Mr. Caswell Bennett returned from the West last week. Mr. L. H. James is attending

court at Princeton.

Mr. Isaac Linley, of Salem, was Mr. Frank Cossitt, of Evansville.

was in town Tuesday. Mr. M. V. Meachem, of Christian county, was in town Sunday.

Dr. Driskill, of Grand Rivers, spent Thursday in Marion. Mr. S. A. Frazier, of Shady Grove

was in Marion Saturday. Mr. Wm. Briggs, after an absence of some months, returned this week. Dr. W. J. J. Paris, of Elizabeth-

town, Ill., was in Marion Monday. Mrs. Thomas Hearin spent a few

Mr. A. J. Bennett, of Tolu, was in town Monday en route home from Dr. J. R. Clark was called to see

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well pleased with the country and the situation of affairs out there, and may make it his permanent home. Mrs. Wright, of Litchfield, is the guest of Mrs. Margaret Rochester,

Reports of individual schools were of this place. They are old friends not so good as they might have been but until recently had not met or only two in the district being report- known the whereabouts of each other for fifty years.

Misses Mary and Vic Cameron gave Dr. T. H. Cossitt's, and marched to The Nod ator then announced in- Mrs. Cameron's, where they spent

Bring in your wheat. We will pay the school house? the highest market price for it. W. D. Havnes.

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> Car load of shingles just received, every bundle warranted; get our county? A. Dewey & Co.

Henderson, Ky., June 3 .- About

Henderson Tragedy

Monday afternoon and decided to Bottom, opposite Mt. Vernon, Ind., have an eight month term of the Graded School next year. Contracts Goorge Fisher, a widower, and findwere made with S. W. Adams and ing him in bed, began finding on him with a revolver. The first shot missed him and he sprang up and ran. ceive bids for the construction of an As he did so Black shot him in the iron tence along the west and north arm, and again through the heart. After Gisher fell Black shot him in

Black claims Fisher was too inti-.The third quarterly meeting for mate with his sister, who is a weakthe Marion circuit M. E. church, minded woman. Black was arrested South, will be held at Hurricane next and brought here this afternoon and Saturday and Sunday, June 8 and 9. lodged in jail. He made no resist-Rev. B. F. Orr will preach at the ence, It is thought Black is defor barrels, hogsheads, etc. This ad- at the Methodist church in Marion mented, he having once been in the

> Fisher was an overseer for Gerge Martin, and was highly respected.

Marion Planing Mills,

MARION, KENTUCKY.

FLOORING. SIDING. CEILING.

Cornice of all kinds. Brackets, Etc.,

MADE TO ORDER

Makes Doors and Window Frames, Does all kinds of Repairing in wood work.

Competes with anybody in prices, and excels all in quality of goods. Don't buy anything in our line until you see us. Mr. R. B. Dorr, our manager, has had 30 years experience in this work; he would be glad to have all of his old friends and customers to call.

R. N. DORR, Propt.

Children's Day.

PROGRAMME.

Of Children's Day Exercises, to be held at Greens Chapel Sunday June 9, 1895: Opening exercise, song by two litle girls and Lord's Prayer by Mau-

Essay by Miss Eva Nunn. Singing by choir. ;

Dialogue by Mabel Wilson and Ro-Recitation, by Miss Cora Sullivan.

Essay by Miss Dedie Sultivan. Song by Choir, Small, by three little girls and one

little boy. Hamilton, guardian. Collection of envelopes.

Lecture, by J. E. Sullivan. Dialogue, The Pennys, by eight lit-Song by the choir. Essay by Miss Mary Hamilton.

Intermission.

Recitation by Addie Nunn. Song by the choir. Dialogue, Do it worth while. Recitation, by Hattie Truitt. Dialogue, by Misses Nannie Cain

and Susie Hamilton. Song by the choir. Essay, by Lillie Wilson. Remarks by the Pastor, Rev. J. H.

Everybody is cordially invited to attend. Let all come and bring their baskets well filled.

Mary Hamilton, Lillie Wilson,

Did You Know That

The court house is neatly kept? Marion has a population of 1404? Marion is proud of her Graded

The town clock could not be dis John Skelton is making a good

The best school Marion ever had J. H. Morse is getting to be an ex-

John Parr's merry laughter will

Dr. J. H. Clark is the besh fishernan in the county? An iron fence will be put around

The weather never gets too hot for oostmaster Hearin to talk? No one will be surprised if Critten len does the same thing?

J. P. Pierce does more business than my other man in the county? 'Squire Postlethwait has purchased Livingston, Lyon and Trigg counies have voted for prohibition this

Three men have been hung by mobs and one by the law in Crittenden

Frank Loyd is never happier than

duties?

business in Ardmore, I. T., and may call on agents or address, yet go to Congress? Dr. Swope will leave behind him lots of friends and a splendid practice

when he goes to New Mexico?

ination day, and a score or more of teachers will be on the anxious seat? W. B. Yandell's new brick residence will add to the beauty of Bellville street-the prettiest thorough-

W. I. Cruce will move to Ardmore

Friday and Saturday next is exam-

. T., about September 1, and that everybody in Marion and Crittenden county is sorry that he is to leave Last Call.

It is reported here that the white caps gave a couple of negroes near Sullivan, Union county, a sound thrashing last Saturday night, for there will be no exceptions what steeling.

I have waited as long as I can and have instructed my deputies to levy on all who owe me taxes for the year 1894. Govern yourself accordingly, for there will be no exceptions what steeling.

Take Notice!

and sold Skelton's Medicines now fifth pound toll or seven cents per about twelve months and every bot- pound cash, and bring one pound of tle has been sold on a guarantee. grease for every eight pounds of Some medicines are sold on a guaran- wool; and I do feel truly thankful to tee until they are established, and my old patrons for all past favors, that was solely our object of guaran- though these times find me as thankteeing, and we think that has been ful as ever before. All work guardone beyond a doubt, and we hereby anteed. Respectfully, give notice to whom it may concern, Song, Morning Light, Clara Nunn, that after this date that we will not sell any more medicine on a guarantee, nor will we refund for any that has been sold after this date. We A. C. MOORE Dialogue, Offerings, Great and shall continue to keep the medicine up to its present standard or better if Golden Gate exercise, Miss Masy ern themselves according to the above Attorneys at Law notice. We have sold 2500 bottles and have refunded for 43 bottles only, which proves beyond a doubt that the medicine is exceptionally Crittenden and adjoining counties. good. We are very thankful to our They will give prompt attention to all patrons for their patronage and hope

> Marion Medicine Co. Marion, Ky.

for a continuance of the same.

Attention Farmers.

ay you the highest market price. A. Dewey & Co. Tinware too cheap to advertise.

Buy your screen doors from A Dewey & Co.

All kinds of dressed lumber, flooring, siding, ceiling, finishing lumber mouldings of every description, turned columns; our prices will not admit of competition. When wanting any of the above don't fail to get

A Dewey & Co.

The I. W. Harper is the finest whiskey on earth. Used in moderation, is a sure specific for indigestion for general debility, for insomnia, to mental depression. It is as fragrant as ripe fruit and if used in moderation it lengthens life, adds to our joys

and drives dull care away. The I. W. Harper whiskey is absolutely pure. It is prescribed by the ablest physicians of this country, and by degrees it is winning a world-wide reputation, Sold by

J. H. Orme & Bro., Marion, Ky.

rices on any bill you may want. Plates 25 cents per set. A. F. Griffith.

Siding, ceiling, moulding, etc., for

sale by Walker & Olive, &Get our

Half Rates on Sundays.

Taking effect May 26, the Louisville, St. Louis and Texas Railway will sell on every Sunday, round trip tickets, between all its stations on when in the discharge of official the main line, at one fare for the when deputy sheriff Pickens goes

The main line, at one factor the round trip. Tickets are good only on date of sale, good returning the same day. This gives an opportuniout after the boys he rarely returns ty to visit one of the large cities or spend a day with their friends along spend a day with their friends along Cad Bennett is knuckling down to the line. For further information

Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Louisville, Ky.

The best salve in the world Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pry required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per ox. For sale by H. K. Woods.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, are hereby notified and will take notice that they are required to pre-

The old reliable carder is ready and doing the best of work; so bring We have made your wool and get it carded, for the

WOOL CARDING.

S. J. M.tchell. Salem, Ky.

MOORE & MOORE, MARION, KY.

cial attention given to collections,

business entrusted to their care. Spe-

Will practice in all the courts of

BLUE & DEBOE, We are now ready to handle all

MARION, KY. Will practice in all courts of the state. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to their care. Office in brick building on public

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ROCHESTER & PIERCE.

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MARION, KY., OFFICE:-Second story Carnaover R. F. Haynes' store.

Prompt attention given to all busi-

ness entrusted to them. Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining courties. WILL

plete in the town) of choice

WALL PAPERS and learn the prices.

Why buy commonplace goods when you can obtain artistic styles at same cost by patronizing

POOR DICESTION leads to

MARION, KY.

you to examine my line (the largest and most com-

Electropoise.

Rev. John Rodgers, Danville, Ky-It is a mystery to me, almost a

Ray, Z. Meek, Catlett-burg, Ky .-I have used the Electropoise for five years and find it invaluable as a curative agent, especially is it efficacious in cases of feeble women and delicate

Rev. Robert Barrett, Louisville Baptist Semmary-Electropoise cured ofter all other remedies failed.

Rev. W. W. Bruce, Houstonville Ky.-Electropoise cured opium habit. Rev. Geo. Means, Covington, Ky In one night Electropoise relieved brain congestion and vertigo.

We could fill this paper with similar reports, but think this sufficient to interest you in sending for book or the subject of health. Electropoise rented four months for \$10

DUBOIS & WEBB, 509 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims agains the estate of W. G. Koon, deceased, are hereby notified to present same, properly proven, at my office in Mation, Ky., on or before June 15, '95 All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred. April 23, 95.

A. Wilborn,

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against t'ie estate of A. A. Crider, deceased, are hereby notified to present, properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before, June 17, 1895. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever disbarred. April 23, '95. A. Wilborn,

Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having c'aims against the estate of S. O. Nunn, deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven at my office in Ma rion, Ky., on or before June 15, '95. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever disbarred. April 23, '95.

All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, are hereby notified and will take seems very strange to us."

While the child was speaking, Ernest when notice that they are required to present their claims, properly proven, on or before the 1st day of July, 1895, with such evident pride he smiled deand all claims not presented by that lightedly, bent almost to his saddle date will be barred. This April 20, bow, apologized once more, and rode

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine-serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron

Bitters

It Cures Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles, Constipation, Bad Blood Nervous allments

Women's complaints.

WINDS STREET

ONLY A RUSH. An Eastern Fancy.

'Twas only a rush by the Ganges' low brink, And one of a legion that modestly waved Near by where the antelope came oft to drink And foot-weary travelers gratefully laved. green, And 'twas plucked by a pilgrim with heart

full of praise,
For it made for his head a most excellent

More beautiful far to the pligrim it seemed Then the splendidest flower in Arabia's deemed, For it saved him from death in the desert's

There's many a rush in the river of life.

When in the soul's desert, or racked by brute pain. when that of mere flowers has faded away;

A RIMAU DAHAN.

All beauty of form must surely decline,
While Leauty of soul will last ever and aye.
—James M. Bronson, in Union Signal.

The Adventure of Two Little Girls in Sumatra.

Near the southeastern point of Suma-tra, one of the largest islands of the East Indian archipelago, there lived, a few miles inland from Sunda strait, two American families whom I will call, respectively, Mowbray and Sher-wood, the head of the former owning a coffee plantation and that of the latter

a large area of rice fields. The Mowbrays had but one child, a fibe, manly boy of sixteen, while the Sherwoods were the happy parents of two charming little girls, the elder named Lilian and the younger, Lulu. Many years ago, while making a prolonged stay in southern Sumatra and an exploration of some of the smaller adjacent islands, I became acquainted with both these families, and was much surprised to find that neither knew of the other's existence, though their estates were separated only by a wide bayou, running not very far inland.

This state of things I determined to remedy on the earliest opportunity, feeling sure that these "strangers in a strange land"-my own countrymen-would take much comfort in each other's society. But the pleasant task of introduction was taken out of my hands in an unexpected and rather singular manner. One day Lilian and Lulu Sherwood, ever in search of novelties, had wandered, unattended. nearly a mile from home and were gathering flowers along the edge of a bridle path, which ran through a luxuriant grove of cocoanut palms and horseman, coming around a bend in ground. the path on a gallop, that they invol-untarily screamed out in affright.

The rider, a bright-faced boy, carry ing a silver-mounted rifle and bestrid-ing a beautiful Arab mare, instantly drew up, raised his hat, and said: "I beg your pardon, young ladies. I'm very sorry to have frightened you, but I did not see you at all. My name is Ernest Mowbray. My father is a coffee planter, and we live about six miles a mischief. from here, on the other side of the big bayou."

"Oh, we're not a bit frightened, We are Mrs. Sherwood's little girls. Our papa owns those rice fields over there, and it's only a little way to our house. We were just picking some of these flow-ers; they're so different from those in our own country. We came from the United States of America only two months ago, and everything here

slowly away.

very day!" exclaimed Lilian. "Yes, and he called us young ladies!"

chimed in Lulu. "Well, I'm sure we are young ladies; I'm past ten and you're nearly nine," sagely rejoined Lilian. "But I do wish the boy had stayed longer, so we could

After a little, the children left the path and, always finding something new to admire, strayed deeper into the wood. By and by they came to a cleared space, evidently an old Malay carelessly approached one of the latter, Lulu cried out: "Oh, sister! see that Fortun

This creature, really a species of leopard, and found only in Sumatra, is called by the natives "rimau dahan," a name which means, I believe, a youth to be as true a gentleman as climber of forked trees. During my stay on the island I saw but two speci-

The animal is nearly as large as the leopard of India, and of similar arboreal habits, though ordinarily not so fierce and dangerous. Ats markings fierce and dangerous. Its markings are quite unique, somewhat resembling those of the true tiger and leopard, and yet not precisely similar to either, presenting, as they do, a strange admixture of tiger-like stripes, leopard-like spots, and hollow, disk-like patches, resembling those of the jaguar. The general ground color of the fur is gray, and along the back of an adult rimau dahan run two bands of intimacy between the Sherwoods—an intimation that is day, as believe, still reside Thompson, in N. Y. I believe till reside Thompson til

glossy black, extending from the head to the root of the tail, which last is very long and covered by dark rings, not greatly dissimilar to those of the American raccoon. The creature's legs are singularly powerful and its talons long and sharp, so that, if so inclined, it can prove a terrible foe to man or beast, though it usually preys, I was told by Sumatra hunters, only upon birds, monkeys, the young of deer and other weak animals.

When the little flower pickers got close to the supposed dog, Lilian said: "Why, Lulu, that is not a dog at all! It looks like some of the wild beasts
I've seen in picture books. See how it back is bristling and its tail puting purchased a crusher and put it to goout, just like our old cat when she's angry; and ohl it's beginning to snarl prise, as well as to the rest of us, the maand growl, too. Let's run away. It

But so soon as the children turned to fly, the rimau dahan, which would to fly, the rimau dahan, which would power and could have run another power and could have run another a long, light bound, pounced upon them, knocking both down with two apparently playful taps of its forepaws, in which, as yet, it kept its formidable claws completely sheathed.

Then, seemingly delighted with such

novel game, the sportive creature began to leap and frisk about, exactly as does the domestic cat when tantalizing a captive mouse. Sometimes, after crouching low, it would spring far above the heads of the prostrate little ones; at other times it would lie down. with a paw upon each, and graciously purr, as if fondling its own young; again, it would roll them gently over and over, wondering, perhaps, what their outward covering—neither fur nor feathers—could possibly be.

At first the poor children were so paralyzed with fright that they could not ery out, but soon both began to

angry. It began to handle the captives a little more roughly, sometimes protruding its claws, and switching its great tail excitedly from side to side. Though certainty not hungry, the terribly beautiful beast was gradually iving way to its fierce instinct, and the danger of the helpless infants was now imminent, for if, while repeatedly hooked into their clothing, whenever they attempted to rise, the sharp talons should chance to draw blood, all would

be over in a moment. This strange situation had lasted, lilian thought, about fifteen minutes; she and Lulu exhausted by screaming were pitifully clasped in each other's arms, and the rimau dahan, no longer irritated by their cries, stood a few feet away, attentively watching them, when, swift as a falcon's swoop, Ernest Mowbray and his trained Arab dashed from out the encircling wood, and, before the great spotted cat could escape, rode straight over it and hurled

But by the time the gallant pair had checked their headlong speed and turned around, the terror-stricken beast had sprung into the fork of a wild orange tree, which was precisely what Ernest wanted, as he had feared to fire at it while in such close proximity to the children, lest, being not instantly killed by the first shot, it might, in its death struggles, do them

Now, however, still sitting in the saddle, he raised his rifle, took deliberate aim at a spot just below the anineed for the second cartridge, which he instantly threw up to the breech chamber; for a rifleman who had "barked" tiny red squirrels in the tops of Ohio and Kentucky hickories was not likely to miss so fair a mark as this. The bullet, striking square and are placed through the center of the true, passed clear through the creature's brain and, without so much as place by resting on blocks. After the a single mi-aou, it dropped to the earth, stone dead!

Then, hurriedly dismounting, the young sportsman ran to assist the lit-tle girls, finding, to his great joy, that neither was at all hurt. The unconventional little misses had not learned how to faint, and, beyond the soiling of their dainty frocks and the stain of

ing these young ladies, I have secured a rare trophy—one I never should have

damaged by birds or beasts of prey if left long where it is." And, mounting his own horse, he rode excellent "That reminds me," said Mr. Sheryam or maize field, whereon grew only a few huge wild orange trees and a clump or two of giant cacti. As they with Ernest to the scene of the en-

mens of this, one of the rarest and most I myself was lucky enough to shoot a beautiful of the cat family. its gorgeously handsome skin.

The strange meeting of their children, of course, led to an immediate intimacy between the Mowbrays and herwoods—an intimacy doubtless continued to this day, as both families, I believe, still reside in Sumatra.—W. Thompson, in N. Y. Independent.

-Daughter - "I love him. He is the light of my life." Father - "Well, that's all right; but I object to having my house lit up by him after mid

Knows About Them. Our gravel beds, which a few years ago supplied us with excellent gravel for road purposes, have gradually de-

scream: "Papa, papa! papa! Come, come; oh, come quick!"

So far from frightening the "tiger," these cries seemed merely to make it

wild orange trees, when they were so startled by the sudden appearance of a it, now screeching with rage, to the

tears on their pale cheeks, were none the worse for their perilous adventure. After both had shudderingly admired the brilliant coat of their late enemy, and Lilian had at least tried to thank their rescuer, the latter, henceforth a hero in their eyes, escorted them home; where, in answer to Mr. and Mrs.

have a good look his pretty gun and that lovely hor I don't suppose we'll ever see him again, though—" wherein the small maid was greatly ful; for, besides the happiness of help-

Lulu cried out: "Oh, sister! see that curious-looking dog lying under the big cactus. He's got a pretty red bird between his paws and is going to eat it.

Fortunately, the "tiger's" carcass was still untouched, and Mr. Sherwood, a veteran hunter, quickly removed the beautiful hide, with head, Let's go and drive him away." And claws and tail complete. Next day I the two innocents walked straight offered the boy forty dollars for it; but toward a full-grown "clouded" or "tor-toise-shell tiger!" very naturally, considering its rarity

sportsman.

Before leaving the country, however,

ROAD

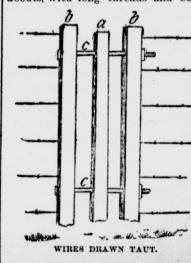
CRUSHED STONE ROADS.

chine easily turned out a yard of splening details may interest highway com missioners having to contend with too much coarse stone in their gravel beds: We crushed a yard of stone every five minutes, paying \$5 a day for power. Six shovelers fed the crusher. The

material was elevated into the wagons, therefore but one handling was required. The advantages over the old way of road making in this locality were almost too numerous to mention We can keep our pit in the best possi-ble shape and leave it in that condition for the next time. With a little headwork by the commissioner in immediate control, teams need not wait thirty seconds for a chance to load. Under the old way there were too often two to five teams at \$3 a day standing still waiting for others to be loaded There is no time wasted in throwing stone back at the pit or raking them out of the road after being hauled on. Generally they are not raked out at all. A crushed stone road is far superior to the ordinary gravel road and easier kept in repair. As a matter of fact, we now build a crushed-stone road

rock or gravel, and of course need not be counted .- John R. King, in Chicago TIGHTENING FENCES.

Peunsylvanian's Easy Way of Drawing Wire fences are frequently difficult to tighten. Edwin G. Walker, of Butler county, Pa., sends the plan below, which he uses successfully. Set a post, a, in the fence line of any desired length and stretch as many strands of wire as wanted. Unreel the strands to within a foot of the post and fasten securely to a 2x4 scantling (b). Two long bolts, c, c, of 21/2 feet or there-



strands are securely fastened to the cantlings, with a wrench twist the bolt and draw the wires tight. Two sections may thus be tightened at the same time, but numerous sections cannot be tightened as readily, as the strain is taken up along the line and the tension equally distributed unless tightened sections are held and then nailed .- Farm and Home.

The Improvement of Roads. Study all economies in the construction. See that each party benefited bears his proper share of the cost. Look into local questions of road materials and transportation, and into all the latest improvements of road implements and machinery. Every state should have a permanent road commission, composed of citizens of the highest character. Make the best use of convict labor in road building. In regions where rock is plenty, by using state as fast as they could be prepared for it. Only their own motion, railroads are ready to contribute largely toward

road improvement. Of Paramount Importance. As it is to-day, the farmer is unable to haul his product to market during bad weather, and as that is the very period when he has the most leisure time to do such work, it must add very largely to the cost of his products. Economically speaking, therefore, I am firmly convinced that there is no subject of greater importance than the subject of good roads.-W. H. Baldwin, Jr., Saginaw, Mich., General Manager F. & P. M. R. R.

The Cutting of Seed Potatoes. As to cutting seed potatoes, a practical farmer writes: I find in digging hills of potatoes every little while, there are 30, 40 or 50 little ones, and I have looked into that and found out that it was where the seed end was planted with three or four little sprouts. Now I take the knife and cut off that little cluster of eyes on top. There is one good eye left on each side, and we simply cut that piece in two and have to good one eye pieces.

16 Boils at Once Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies the



Mr. F. W. Stowell

Attorneys at Law "C. I. Heod & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "About four years ago my wife was trouble "About four years ago my wife was troubled with salt rheum. Although we tried nearly everything it got worse instead of better and spread over both of her hands so that she could hardly use them. Finally she commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla and when she had taken two bottles her hands were entirely healed and she has not since been troubled. In December, 1892, my neck was covered with boils of a Scrofulous Nature.

There were sixteen of them at once and as soon as they healed others would break out. My neck finally became covered with ridges and Hood's Sarsaille Cures
sears. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after taking four bottles the boils

had all healed and the sears have disappeared. I recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to all suf-fering from any disorder of the blood." F. W. STOWELL, Wilmot, South Dakota.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. 25c.

cheaper than we did a gravel road. The reader can figure from this data: Power per day, \$5; a yard crushed every five minutes; shovelers and haulers are the same, whether you use crushed

TIME CARD.

	DAILY	DAI
	No. 2	No.
	Lv. Evansville 6.30 am	3 30 p
	Ar. Henderson 7,17 "	4.20
	" Morganfield 8,13 "	5.15
	" Henshaw 8.36 "	5.38
	" Sturgis 9.04 "	6.03
1	" Marion 9.49 "	6,43
١	" Princeton 10,50 "	7.14
1	" Gracev 11 49 "	8 53
	" Hopkinsville 12.10 pm	9.15

	NORTH BOUND TRAIN	s.	ness entrusted to them. tice in all the courts of
	DAILY	DAILY	and adjoining courties.
	No. 1	No. 3	
V.	Hopkinsville 5.45 am	$2.45\mathrm{pm}$	-
Ar.	Gracey 6 05 "	3.08 "	to
66	Princeton 6.55 "	4.00 "	ACO - ACO
	Fredonia 7.46 "	5.53 "	19 10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
66	Marion 8.14 "	6.03 **	I DESTRUCTION OF THE VI
"	Sturgis 9.04 "	6.54 "	A PROPERTY OF THE A
"	Henshaw 9.30 "	7.20 "	A Barrier
	Morganfield 9.54 "	7.42 "	The Contraction of the Contracti
6.	Henderson 10.50 "	8.40 "	Caveats and Trade-Marks obtaine
66	Evansville 11 35 "	9.30 "	business conducted for MODER
		0.50	ofnce is in the immediate vicinity of
	UNIONTOWN BRANCH	1.	and my facilities for securing patent Send model, sketch or photograph
v.	Morganfield 10,00 am	7.30 pm	No charge is made for an
r.	Uniontown 10.25 am	8.15 pm	patentability, and my fee for

Tin Shop. L. St.L. & T.R.R

I have opened a tin shop up-stairs over Pierce & Son's store and am prepared to do all kinds of tin work. Roofing and guttering a specialty. Rooning and guttering a specialty.

Repairing of all kinds done on short

Lv Henderson.....7:20 A. M. 2:55 P. M

Ar Louisville.....1:00 P. M. 8:30 P. M notice. All work guaranteed. Roof painting a' reasonable prices. Lv Louisville.....6:30 P. M. 7:45 A. M

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world fo Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per ox. For sale by H. K. Words.

MARES For Sale.

We have four very fine standard bred registered mares to sell at reas. onable prices. Pierce & Son.

Chesapeake Ohio and Southwestern R. R.

THE BEST LINE LOUISVILLE

MEMPHIS.

CINCINNATI AND EVANSVILLE. NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST Until you have consulted an Agent of the

C. O. & S. W. R. R. ON THE TRAINS, THE



YORTH AND NORTHWEST. MODERN EQUIPMENT.



fact'd by THE GOODWIN CLOTHING CO.

What Women Know

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Will practice in all the courts of

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They will give prompt attention to all

business entrusted to their care. Spe-

cial attention given to collections.

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and surrounding counties, and in the

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Prompt attention given to all busi

ROCHESTER & PIERCE.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MARION, KY.,

OFFICE:-Second story Carna-

Prompt attention given to all busi-

FRANKLIN H. HOUGH

TIME CARD.

GOING EAST:

GOING WEST.

Ar Henderson....12:10 A. M. 1:30 P. M

EVANSVILLE.

H. C. MORDUE, G. P. A.,

No. 53. No. 51.

LOUISVILLE, KY

NORTH

CHICAGO and IMITED NASHVILLE

Pullman Vestibuled Train Service with Newest and Finest Day Coaches,

Sleepers and Dining Cars

FROM THE SOUTH

ferre Haute, Indianapolis,

CHICAGO,

Milwaukee, St. Paul,

AND ALL POINTS IN THE

ock, over R. F. Haynes' store

J. S. PIERCE

ess entrusted to their care.

Your f Appeals.

business entrusted to their care. Office in brick building on public

Will practice in all courts of the

Prompt attention given to all

Beeres over Muci on Bank.



◆ABOUT◆

Scouring, Rubbing, Cleaning, Scrubbing,

is no doubt great; but what they all should know, is that the time of it, the tire of it, and the cost of it, can all be greatly reduced by

Clairette Soap. MABE THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

J, H. ORME,

STATIONERY, FINE SOAPS

MAIN

BOOKS

ETC.

MARION KY.

Customers will find our stock complete in-BRUSHES.

SPONGES, OILS. LEAD

Prescriptions from Purc Drugs, Prices Reasonable, Filled at all hours, Day or Night, Accurately. Ve also handle Pure Brandies, Liquors and Wines; price from \$2 to \$5 per gall

If you are thinking of building or need any material for

ALL KINDS OF FINISHING LUMBER.

ness entrusted to them. Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden Shingida, ALL KINDS OF MOULDING and CASING.

> Come and get our prices. J. N. Clark will take pleasure making you prices cheaper than you can get anywhere. Give us a trial. Place of business: Marion Roller Mills.

A. DEWEY & CO.

I have no stock to "bust," I have no money to lose, But my tools never rust, For I've experience and hands to use.

W. A. Letzinger, EXPERT JEWELER.

Has retutned to Marion and has opened a Jewelers Shop in Thomas Bros, grocery, the old J. N. Woods stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Etc., Etc. His long experience and abundant supply of the very best Jewelers tools enables him to do the very best work. HE GUARANTEES ALL HIS WORK. His prices are very low. The works of a watch, the wheel of a clock and the value of jewelry all require delicate handling, and it behaves the owner to take all require delicate handling, and it behooves the owner to take them to a workman who thoroughlp understands his business.

Ragsdale, Cooper & Co. Main St. Tobacco Warehouse,

HOPKINSVILLE, KY. Special attention to sampling and selling tobacco. Liberal advancements made on consignments. Our charges for selling Tobacco will remain \$2,50. No commission. Freight 15 cents per 100 pounds.

Farmers Attention!

88888

Spring is here and with it comes the time to purchase innumerable articles used on the farm. Never before were farming implements so cheap, and never before was there a better grade of goods. No firm in this section keeps a better stock, and none will sell cheaper than the undersigned. We are in Salem to stay we want your trade in

arming Implements of all kinds, Hardware, Groceries, Saddlery

WAGON, BUGGIES,
PLOWS, HARROWS,
RAKES, SHOVELS
HOES, FORKS,
HAMES, COLLARS
TRACE CHAINS,
PLOW-LINES, BRIDLES,
FENCING WIRE, NAILS,
SEED-SOWERS, HINGES,
SADDLES, HARNESS
CORN PLANTERS,
CULTIVATORS,
GROCERIES, TINWARE,
QUEENSWARE, ETC.

We carry everything in the Hardware Line, We carry everythin in the Grocery Line. We sell the cele brated MITCHELL WAGON. M°CORMIC HARVESTING MACHINES.

Do not go away from Salem to buy these goods, do not buy at Salem until you get our prices. YOURS TRULY,

J. A. Utley & Co. SALEM, KY.

WALKER & OLIVE, Furniture, Coffins and Building Lumber. OSCANOSCI DE LA CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRAC

Electropoise.

Rev. John Rodgers, Danville, Ky--It is a mystery to me, almost a

Rev. Z. Meek, Catlettsburg, Ky .-I have used the Electropoise for five years and find it invaluable as a curative agent, especially is it efficacious in cases of feeble women and delicate

Rev. Robert Barrett, Louisville Baptist Seminary-Electropoise cured ofter all other remedies failed.

Rev. W. W. Bruce, Houstonville, Ky .- Electropoise cured opium habit. Rev. Geo. Means, Covington, Ky. In one night Electropoise relieved brain congestion and vertigo.

We could fill this paper with similar reports, but think this sufficient to interest you in sending for book on the subject of health. Electropoise rented four months for \$10

DUBOIS & WEBB. 509 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims agains the estate of W. G. Koon, deceased, are hereby notified to present same, properly proven, at my office in Mation, Ky., on or before June 15, '95 All claims not thus presented will be by law forever barred. April 23, 95.

A. Wilborn. Commissioner.

Commissioner's Notice.

All persons having claims against t'ie estate of A. A. Crider, deceased, are hereby notified to present, properly proven, at my office in Marion, Ky., on or before, June 17, 1895. All claims not thus presented will be by law forever disbarred.

A. Wilborn, April 23, '95.

Commissioner's Notice. All persons having c'aims against All claims not thus presented will be bayou." by law forever disbarred.

April 23, '95.

Notice. All persons having claims against the estate of Thomas Smith, deceased, are hereby notified and will take notice that they are required to present their claims, properly proven, on or before the 1st day of July, 1895, and all claims not presented by that date will be barred. This April 20,

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine-serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected.

Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Browns Iron Bitters/

It Cures Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Constipation, Bad Blood Nervous allments Women's complaints. Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are sub-stitutes. On receipt of two sc. stamps we will send set of Ton Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.

CALIFFRANCISCH STOCK

ONLY A RUSH.

An Eastern Fancy.

Twas only a rush by the Ganges' low brink,
And one of a legion that modestly waved
Near by where the antelope came oft to drink
And foot-weary travelers gratefully laved.

green, And 'twas plucked by a pilgrim with heart full of praise,

For it made for his head a most excellent As he toiled his slow way in the sun's fear-

More beautiful far to the pligrim it seemed Then the splendidest flower in Arabia's

There's many a rush in the river of life.

When in the soul's desert, or racked by brute pain. when that of mere flowers has faded away;

while beauty of form must surely decline. While beauty of soul will last ever and aye. —James M. Bronson, in Union Signal. A RIMAU DAHAN.

The Adventure of Two Little Girls in Sumatra

Near the southeastern point of Sumatra, one of the largest islands of the East Indian archipelago, there lived, a few miles inland from Sunda strait, two American families whom I will call, respectively, Mowbray and Sher-wood, the head of the former owning a coffee plantation and that of the latter

a large area of rice fields. The Mowbrays had but one child, a fine, manly boy of sixteen, while the Sherwoods were the happy parents of two charming little girls, the elder named Lilian and the younger, Lulu. Many years ago, while making a prolonged stay in southern Sumatra and an exploration of some of the smaller adjacent islands, I became acquainted with both these families, and was much surprised to find that neither knew of the other's existence, though their es-

tates were separated only by a wide bayou, running not very far inland.

This state of things I determined to emedy on the earliest opportunity, feeling sure that these "strangers in a strange land"-my own countrymenwould take much comfort in each other's society. But the pleasant task of introduction was taken out of my hands in an unexpected and rather singular manner. One day Lilian and Lulu Sherwood, ever in search of novelties, had wandered, unattended, nearly a mile from home and were

gathering flowers along the edge of a bridle path, which ran through a luxuriant grove of cocoanut palms and horseman, coming around a bend in the path on a gallop, that they involuntarily screamed out in affright.

The rider, a bright-faced boy, carrying a silver-mounted rifle and bestrid-

ing a beautiful Arab mare, instantly drew up, raised his hat, and said: "I the estate of S. O. Nunn, deceased, are hereby notified to present same properly proven at my office in Ma rion. Ky., on or before June 15, 25. rion, Ky., on or before June 15, '95. from here, on the other side of the big

"Oh, we're not a bit frightened, Sherwood's little girls. Our papa owns those rice fields over there, and it's only a little way to our house. We were just picking some of these flowers; they're so different from those in our own country. We came from the United States of America only two months ago, and everything here seems very strange to us."

While the child was speaking, Ernest removed his hat entirely; and when she uttered the words "United States" with such evident pride he smiled delightedly, bent almost to his saddle bow, apologized once more, and rode slowly away.

A. S. Hard, Adm'r. 11 "My! what a nice, polite boy; he speaks English, too; not that horrid Dutch, Malay and Chinese we hear very day!" exclaimed Lilian. "Yes, and he called us young ladies!" chimed in Lulu.

"Well, I'm sure we are young ladies; I'm past ten and you're nearly nine," sagely rejoined Lilian. "But I do wish the boy had stayed longer, so we could have a good look his pretty gun and that lovely horse! I don't suppose we'll ever see him again, though—"

where, in answer to Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood's grateful acknowledgments, he modestly said:

"I am the one who ought to be thank-" wherein the small mald was greatly ful; for, besides the happiness of help-

After a little, the children left the path and, always finding something new to admire, strayed deeper into the "That reminds me," said Mr. Sherwood. By and by they came to a yam or maize field, whereon grew only clump or two of giant cacti. As they Let's go and drive him away." And claws and tail complete. Next day I

toise-shell tiger!"

This creature, really a species of leopard, and found only in Sumatra, is called by the natives "rimau dahan," a name which means, I believe, a climber of forked trees. During my stay on the island I saw but two specimens of this one of the rarest and most

The animal is nearly as large as the leopard of India, and of similar ar-boreal habits, though ordinarily not so flerce and dangerous. Its markings fierce and dangerous. Its markings are quite unique, somewhat rescribling those of the true tiger and leopard, and yet not precisely similar to either, presenting, as they do, a strange admixture of tiger-like stripes, leopard-like spots, and hollow, disk-like patches, resembling those of the jaguar. The general ground color of the fur is gray, and along the back of an adult rimau dahan run two bands of intimacy between the Mowbrays and Sherwoods—an intimacy doubtless continued to this day, as both families, I believe, still reside in Sumatra.—W. Thompson, in N. Y. Independent.

—Daughter—"I love him. He is the light of my life." Father—"Well, that's all right: but I object to having my house lit up by him after midnight."—Demorest's.

glossy black, extending from the head to the root of the tail, which last is very long and covered by dark rings, not greatly dissimilar to those of the American raccoon. The creature's legs are singularly powerful and its talons long and sharp, so that, if so inclined, it can prove a terrible foe to man or beast, though it usually preys, I was told by Sumatra hunters, only upon birds, monkeys, the young of deer and

other weak animals. When the little flower pickers got close to the supposed dog, bilian said:
"Why, Lulu, that is not a dog at all! It looks like some of the wild beasts I've seen in picture books. See how i' back is bristling and its tail puling out, just like our old cat when she's ing on this stone. Much to their surangry; and oh! it's beginning to snarl prise, as the last of us, the mand growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a yard of splen-

might cat us up!" to fly, the rimau dahan, which would day to furnish power. It furnished probably have itself retreated in another moment, took courage, and, with a long, light bound, pounced upon them, knocking both down with two apparently playful taps of its forepaws, in which, as yet, it kept its formidable claws completely sheathed. Then, seemingly delighted with such povel game the sportly a greature because of the contract of the sportly as greature because of the contract of the sportly as greature because of the contract of the sportly as greature because of the sportly as greature that the sportly as greature the sportly as greature that the sportly as greature the sportly as greature that the sportly as greature the sportly as greature the sportly as greature that the sportly as greature the sportly as greature that the sportly as greature that the sport

does the domestic cat when tantalizing a captive mouse. Sometimes, after crouching low, it would spring far with a paw upon each, and graciously purr, as if fondling its own young; again, it would roll them gently over

not ery out, but soon both began to scream: "Papa, papa! papa! Come, come; oh, come quick!" So far from frightening the "tiger," these cries seemed merely to make it

a little more roughly, sometimes pro-truding its claws, and switching its great tail excitedly from side to side. Though certainty not hungry, the terribly beautiful beast was gradually giving way to its fierce instinct, and the danger of the helpless infants was now imminent, for if, while repeatedly hooked into their clothing, whenever they attempted to rise, the sharp talons should chance to draw blood, all would

be over in a moment. This strange situation had lasted, Lilian thought, about fifteen minutes she and Lulu exhausted by screaming were pitifully clasped in each other's arms, and the rimau dahan, no longer irritated by their cries, stood a few feet away, attentively watching them, when, swift as a falcon's swoop, Ernest Mowbray and his trained Arab dashed from out the encircling wood and, before the great spotted cat could escape, rode straight over it and hurled wild orange trees, when they were so escape, rode straight over it and hurled startled by the sudden appearance of a it, now screeching with rage, to the

ground.
But by the time the gallant pair had checked their headlong speed and turned around, the terror-stricken beast had sprung into the fork of a wild orange tree, which was precisely what Ernest wanted, as he had feared to fire at it while in such close proximity to the children, lest, being not instantly killed by the first shot, it might, in its death struggles, do them

Now, however, still sitting in the saddle, he raised his rifle, took deliberate aim at a spot just below the animal's ear, and pulled the trigger. No he instantly threw up to the breech chamber; for a rifleman who had "barked" tiny red squirrels in the tops of Ohio and Kentucky hickories was not likely to miss so fair a mark as this. The bullet, striking square and true, passed clear through the creature's brain and, without so much as a single mi-aou, it dropped to the earth, stone dead!

Then, hurriedly dismounting, the young sportsman ran to assist the little girls, finding, to his great joy, that neither was at all hurt. The unconventional little misses had not learned how to faint, and, beyond the soiling the tension equally distributed unless of their dainty frocks and the stain of tightened sections are held and then tears on their pale cheeks, were none the worse for their perilous adventure. After both had shudderingly admired the brilliant coat of their late enemy, and Lilian had at least tried to thank their rescuer, the latter, henceforth a hero in their eyes, escorted them home;

ing these young ladies, I have secured

wood, "that the valuable pelt may be cleared space, evidently an old Malay damaged by birds or beasts of prey if left long where it is." And, mounting a few huge wild orange trees and a his own horse, he rode speedily back with Ernest to the scene of the en-

carclessly approached one of the latter, Lulu cried out: "Oh, sister! see that curious-looking dog lying under the big cactus. He's got a pretty red bird between his paws and is going to eat it. the two innocents walked straight offered the boy forty dollars for it; but toward a full-grown "clouded" or "tor-toise-shell tiger!" very naturally, considering its rarity

stay on the island I saw but two specimens of this, one of the rarest and most beautiful of the cat family.

Before leaving the country, however, I myself was lucky enough to shoot a very fine rimau dahan, and I yet have

its gorgeously handsome skin.
The strange meeting of their children, of course, led to an immediate intimacy between the Mowbrays and tinued to this day, as both families, I believe, still reside in Sumatra.—W.

ROAD

CRUSHED STONE ROADS. What an Illinois Road Comm

Our gravel beds, which a few years ago supplied us with excellent gravel for road purposes, have gradually de-

nd growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. Let's run away. It chine easily turned out a fact of special growl, too. The special growledge of the special growle crusher at the same time. The following details may interest highway com-

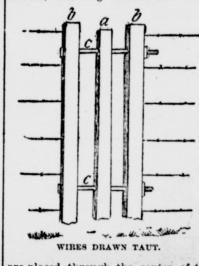
missioners having to contend with too much coarse stone in their gravel beds: We crushed a yard of stone every five minutes, paying \$5 a day for power. Six shovelers fed the crusher. The material was elevated into the wagons, novel game, the sportive creature be-gan to leap and frisk about, exactly as therefore but one handling was required. The advantages over the old way of road making in this locality were almost too numerous to mention above the heads of the prostrate little ones; at other times it would lie down, with a paw upon each, and graciously purr, as if fondling its own young; work by the commissioner in immediate control, teams need not wait and over, wondering, perhaps, what their outward covering—neither fur nor feathers—could possibly be.

At first the poor children were so paralyzed with fright that they could not are out but some both because to be a solution, teams need not wait thirty seconds for a chance to load. Under the old way there were too often two to five teams at \$3 a day standing the solution of the stone back at the pit or raking them out of the road after being hauled on.

Generally they are not raked out at all. to the ordinary gravel road and easier angry. It began to handle the captives kept in repair. As a matter of fact, a little more roughly, sometimes procheaper than we did a gravel road. The reader can figure from this data: Power per day, \$5; a yard crushed every five minutes; shovelers and haulers are the same, whether you use crushed rock or gravel, and of course need not be counted.—John R. King, in Chicago

TIGHTENING FENCES.

Peunsylvanian's Easy Way of Drawing Wire fences are frequently difficult to ighten. Edwin G. Walker, of Butler county, Pa., sends the plan below, which he uses successfully. Set a post, a, in the fence line of any desired length and stretch as many strands of wire as wanted. Unreel the strands to within a foot of the post and fasten securely to a 2x4 scantling (b). Two long bolts, c, c, of 21/4 feet or thereabouts, with long threads and burrs,



are placed through the center of the post. The scantling may be kept in place by resting on blocks. After the strands are securely fastened to the scantlings, with a wrench twist the bolt and draw the wires tight. Two sections may thus be tightened at the same time, but numerous sections cannot be tightened as readily, as the strain is taken up along the line and nailed .- Farm and Home.

The Improvement of Roads. Study all economies in the construcion. See that each party benefited bears his proper share of the cost. Look into local questions of road materials and transportation, and into all the latest improvements of road im plements and machinery. Every state should have a permanent road commission, composed of citizens of the highest character. Make the best use of convict labor in road building. In regions where rock is plenty, by using the best machinery for crushing stone and employing convicts only in quarry-ing and handling, an amount of material could be produced sufficient to macadamize all the roads in the state as fast as they could be prepared for it. Only their own motion, railroads are ready to contribute largely toward road improvement.

Of Paramount Importance. As it is to-day, the farmer is unable to haul his product to market during bad weather, and as that is the very period when he has the most leisure time to do such work, it must add very largely to the cost of his products Economically speaking, therefore, I am firmly convinced that there is no subject of greater importance than the subject of good roads .- W. H. Baldwin, Jr., Saginaw, Mich., General Manager F. & P. M. R. R.

The Cutting of Seed Potatoes. As to cutting seed Potatoes. As to cutting seed potatoes, a practical farmer writes: I find in digging hills of potatoes every little while, there are 30, 40 or 50 little ones, and I have looked into that and found out that it was where the seed end was planted with three or four little sprouts. Now I take the knife and cut off that little cluster of eyes on top. There is one good eye left on each side, and we simply cut that piece in two and we simply cut that piece in two and have to good one eye pieces.

16 Boils at Once Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies the Blood and Restores Health.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.: "About four years ago my wife was troubled with salt rheum. Although we tried nearly everything it got worse instead of better and spread over both of her hands so that she could hardly use them. Finally she commenced to use Hood's Sarsaparilla and when she had taken two bottles her hands were entirely healed and she has not since been troubled. In December, 1892, my neck was covered with boils of a Scrofulous Nature.

There were sixteen of them at once and as so Hood's Sarsa, il then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after taking four bottles the boils had all healed and the sears have disappeared. I recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to all suffering from any disorder of the blood." F. W. STOWELL, Wilmot, South Dakota.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly an

TIME CARD.

		DAILY	DAILY
		No. 2	No. 4
Lv.	Evansville	6.30 am	3 30 pm
Ar.	Henderson	7.17 "	4.20 4
66	Morganfield		5.15 "
:	Henshaw	8.36 "	5.38 "
66	Sturgis		6,03
	Marion		6,43 "
	Princeton	10,50 "	7.14 "
"	Gracey		8 53 "
66	Hopkinsville	12.10 pm	9.15 "

	DAILY	DAILY
	No. 1	No. 3
v.	Hopkinsville 5.45 at	n 2.45 pm
r.	Gracey 6 05 "	3.08 "
66	Princeton 6.55 "	4.00 "
"	Fredonia 7.46 "	5.53 "
• •	Marion 8.14 "	6.03 "
"	Sturgis 9.04 "	6.54 "
"	Henshaw 9.30 "	7.20 "
	Morganfield 9.54 "	7,42 "
	Henderson 10.50 "	8.40 "
	Evansville 11 35 "	9.30 "

00 am 7·30 pm 25 am 8.15 pm
0 pm 7.40 am 0 pm 8.05 am

I have opened a tin shop up-stairs over Pierce & Son's store and am prepared to do all kinds of tin work. Roofing and guttering a specialty. Repairing of all kinds done on short Lv Henderson.....7:20 A.M. 2:55 P.M. Ar Louisville......1:00 P.M. 8:30 P.M. notice. All work guaranteed. Roof painting a reasonable prices. THEO. VOSIER.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world fo Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Sal Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains. Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per ox. For sale by H. K. Words.

MARES For Sale.

We have four very fine standard bred registered mares to sell at reas. onable prices. Pierce & Son.

Chesapeake Ohio and Southwestern R. A.

THE BEST LINE LOUISVILLE

MEMPHIS.

CINCINNATI AND EVANSVILLE.

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH OR WEST Until you have consulted an Agent of the

C. O. & S. W. R. R.

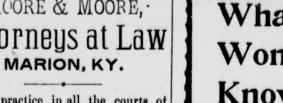
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IOHN ECHOLS,





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Will practice in all the courts of Crittenden and adjoining counties. They will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care. Special attention given to collections, Berce over Muci on Bank.

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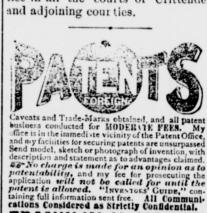
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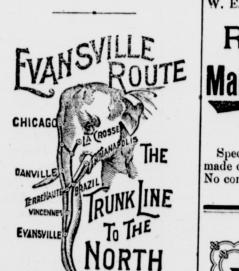


FRANKLIN H. HOUGH

TIME CARD. GOING EAST: GOING WEST.

No. 53. No. 51. Lv Louisville.....6:30 p. m. 7:45 a. m Ar Henderson...12:10 a. m. 1:30 p. m H. C. MORDUE, G. P. A., LOUISVILLE, KY

W. E. RAGSDALE.



CHICAGO and IMITED NASHVILLE

Pullman Vestibuled Train Service with Newest and Finest Day Coaches, Sleepers and Dining Cars FROM THE SOUTH

-6 TO 3erre Haute, Indianapolis, CHICAGO.

Milwaukee, St. Paul, AND ALL POINTS IN THE WORTH AND NORTHWEST.

Women Know



◆ABOUT◆

Rubbing, Scouring, Cleaning, Scrubbing,

is no doubt great; but what they all should know, is that the time of it, the tire of it, and the cost

Clairette Soap. MADE THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

of it, can all be greatly reduced by

J. H. ORME,

BOOKS

ETC.

Customers will find our stock complete in-BRUSHES,

MARION

SPONGES,

STATIONERY, FINE SOAPS. OILS. ETC. LEAD Prescriptions from Pure Drugs, Prices Reasonable, Elled at all hours, Day or Night, Accurately.

We also handle Pure Brandies, Liquors and Wines; price from \$2 to \$5 per gall

If you are thinking of building or need any material for

ALL KINDS OF FINISHING LUMBER.

ALL KINDS OF MOULDING and CASING. Come and get our prices. J. N. Clark will take pleasure

making you prices cheaper than you can get anywhere.

Give us a trial. Place of business: Marion Roller Mills. A. DEWEY & CO.

> I have no stock to "bust, But my tools never rust, For I've experience and hands to use.

W. A. Letzinger, EXPERT JEWELER

Has retutned to Marion and has opened a Jewelers Shop in Thomas Bros, grocery, the old J. N. Woods stand, and is prepared to do all kinds of repairing of Watches, Clocks, Jewelery, Etc., Etc. His long experience and abundant supply of the very best Jewelers tools enables him to do the very best work. HE GUARAN-TEES ALL HIS WORK. His prices are very low. The works of a watch, the wheel of a clock and the value of jewelry all require delicate handling, and it behooves the owner to take them to a workman who thoroughlp understands his business.

Ragsdale, Cooper & Co. Main St. Tobacco Warehouse, HOPKINSVILLE, KY.

Special attention to sampling and selling tobacco, Liberal advancements made on consignments. Our charges for selling Tobacco will remain \$2,50. No commission. Freight 15 cents per 100 pounds.

Farmers Attention!

88888

Spring is here and with it comes the time to purchase innumerable articles used on the farm. Never before were farming implements so cheap, and never before was there a better grade of goods. No firm in this section keeps a better stock, and none will sell cheaper than the undersigned. We are in Salem to stay we want your trade in

arming **Implements** of all kinds, Hardware, Groceries, Saddlery

WAGON, BUGGIES,
PLOWS, HARROWS,
RAKES, SHOVELS
HOES, FORKS,
HAMES, COLLARS HAMES, COLLARS
TRACE CHAINS,
PLOW-LINES, BRIDLES,
FENCING WIRE, NAILS,
SEED-SOWERS, HINGES,
SADDLES, HARNESS
CORN PLANTERS,
CULTIVATORS,
GROCERIES, TINWARE,
QUEENSWARE, ETC.

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We carry everything in the Hardware Line, We carry everythin in the Grocery Line. We sell the cele brated MITCHELL WAGON,

M°CORMIC HARVESTING MACHINES. Do not go away from Salem to buy these goods, do not buy at Salem until you get our prices. YOURS TRULY,

J. A. Utley & Co.

SALEM, KY.

Furniture, Coffins and Building Lumber.

WALKER & OLIVE.

SENATOR BLACKBURN'S GREAT SPEECH.

Secretary Carlisle Answered and Demolished.

ciferous. The Senator said:
Ladies and Gentlemen: It I had been permitted to select a jury before whom to permitted to select a jury before whom to try the important issue pending now in ac-tive pointer before the American people, within the limits of my acquaintance, I know of no spot to which I would have turned so readily as to this assemblage of honesthearted, sturdy Democrats who live in Owen county. If I may not safely rest the cause of the old party before this people, then surely there is no jury outside of that final arbiter that awaits us all where we might expect to obtain justice. The best, the purest type of Democracy that I know within the limits of this land, is to be found within the State of Kentucky. This grand old Commonwealth never knew the pains and paugs of an era of reconstruction; it never wore the shackles forged by the prostitution of military power that was imposed upon the States to the southward; you never passed through that humiliating experience that other Southern States were forced to endure when their representation was denied, perverted and distorted, when no man could find admission to the council champers of the country that came from a Soutern State unless he wore upon his frontlet the label of carpet-bagger or scalawag. Kentucky has always been peopled by free men and free women, and the consequence has been that she has kept these vestal fires burning and her Democracy purer and brighter than elsewhere upon this continent. And within the limits of this great old State of ours, among the one hundred and nineteen counties that cluster together to form this Commonwealth, there is not one whose Democracy, in my judgment, whose devotion to liberty, stands brighter or more unchallenged than that of the proud old Democratic county whose citizens face me to-day. So I have a right to be satisfied. No matter what the verdict that may be rendered here in advance. I announce my readiness and willingness to accept this jury

without a single challenge, and leave the issue of this controversy to your decision.

The shifting of politics is rapid and great. For a third of a century or more two great political organizations have been struggling for the mastery in this land of Questions of great importance have divided them. Taxing systems and cur-rency systems have constituted two great pivotal issues upon which the Republicans and Democrats have struggled with each other. This contest is peculiar at least in this, that for the first time in thirty years you hear nothing of the tariff question. It has been temporarily eliminated from American politics. The high protective tariff system under which the taxpayers of this land for so many years have groaned and staggered has been stricken to the earth, and in its stead a Democratic, low-grade, so-called free-trade tariff bill was substituted upon the 28th day of last August. I need not consume my time nor trench upon your patience with any discussion of the tariff law. At least for some years to come it is agreed upon all hands that it is not an issue

in active politics. ace, to the one great pivotal national issue that is now absorbing the attention of the American people, and that is the currency question. When we come to look at that we find new and novel phases to contemplate. The parties in the country are divided upon this issue, and yet it must be admitted, however unfortunate the condition, that both the Republican and Democratic parties to a degree themselves are divided upon this great question. It is not in my power to overstate the importance of this issue. It is not within mortal power to do justice in this attempt to describe the farreaching consequences that depend upon the settlement that you are to make of this issue. There can be no question presented that reaches more directly to every man and every woman within the limits of this land than does this money question. In some of its aspects it is even more important than the tariff. It is true that it is matter of no small significance to the producing elements of this country whether your taxes are to be high or low; but it is of still more importance to you to have this money question settled upon a fair and

What matters it to you or to me whether our taxes be high or low? What matters it to us whether our taxes be one dollar or two dollars a year provided we have not any dollar with which to pay either? This money question reaches to the pocket of every citizen of this great continent of ours; it challenges your best judgment, your soberest thought. The most careful consideration that is possible for any intelligent, prudent, patriotic citizen to give to any issue is what this great question demands and should receive at your hands. I mean to-day to make myself understood if it be possible, by every human being within the sound of my voice. It is my purpose to talk in English so plain and so comprehensible that neither man nor woman nor ten-year-old child who have paid me the compliment of their presence here, shall fail to understand precisely what I mean. I do not mean to indulge in catch-phrases or misleading terms. I have no more patience with the political "shyster," who by such methods and such appliances would seek to hoodwink and mislead the people. than I have for the quack doctor or "shyster" lawyer in their pro-THE TRUTH FAIRLY STATED.

The Senator Gives His Honest Con-

victions. Men tell you, and you read in the daily press of the country, that the issue presented now, which is absorbing the atten tion of all people, is a contest between monometallism, or a single standard, gold, upon the one side, and menometallism, or a single standard, silver, upon the other side. The man who makes this statement, the stump speaker, the newspaper editor— any man who presents this as the issue that is pending before the people of Kentucky and the people of this country—is not deal-ing fairly by the people. This is not the issue, it is not a question between a single gold standard and a single silver standard. If there be left anywhere upon this earth to-day a man advocating a single silver standard as the redemption money of the American people, bear witness for me, heaven, I never saw, I never knew, I never

Owenton, Ky. May 27,-(Special.) an honest purpose on this earth, I call Senator Blackburn to-day addressed the people of Owen county on the currency question. He spoke in the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and there was not an inch of creating the court house, and inch of standing room left when he began, and a large number of people crowded the doors, unable to get in. His audience was with him from the start and the applause given to his utterances was frequent and vo- by the money power of this country as well as the money power of foreign countries, and the other backed by nothing but the and the other backet by nothing but the intelligence, the patriotism, the love of country and the manly courage of the American people. (Applause.)

I defy the student of American political

history to point me to a single instance in all that stretch of the century that lies behind us, when the people of this land were ever confronted with the sentiment of a question that reached as close to the vitals f free government as the one we are considering to-day. Your country in the years behind us was wrecked by the convulsions of civil war; your continent trembled beneath the tread of a million armed men struggling for mas-tery and power; but even that dark and

Your liberties are at stake. Translated into plain English, the question upon which you are to render this verdict means no less than the reclamation or loss of the liberties that belong to seventy millions of free people. More than a hundred years ago, your own strong arms and stout patriotic hearts, you established as a people your claim and your right to entrance into the list of the free nations of the earth. Upon the field of battle your ancestry did not hesitate in proclaiming your right to independence, to grapple the English lion, the stoutest then as the strongest now of all foreign powers, and wading through the blood and carnage of seven long weary years of war they won that fight, they emancipated the thirteen American colonies from English dependence to the grandest heritage ever bequeathed to mortal man, the position of a free and independent power, challenging the admiration of the world in your effort to block out a free govern-ment for your descendants. They won our independence for us then, and the question is to-day, will we surrender that independence back to the British power now. (Applause.) England tried to hold us in subection by the sword and failed. She could not cow or conquer us with powder and with ball, but after the lapse of a hundred years she undertakes to conquer us by the more insidious, the more cowardly, but the nore dangerous method-by buying us with

gold. (Applause.)
This is the issue here. Men tell you in the discussion of this question that one side favored the demonetization of silver and the other favored remonetization of silver. Let us understand those terms in order that we may intelligently pass upon this question. The demonetization of silver means that silver was once recognized as a lawful money of the American people. Somebody saw fit, for purposes doubtless satisfactory to themselves, to change that relation and

understand that

Again, they tell you about the ratio that one metal is to bear to the other. That means nothing except the number of grains of silver that shall be equal to one grains of silver that shall be equal to one grain of gold. The country is familiar with that expression, which is upon every ip—16 to 1. Sixteen to one simply means that sixteen grains of silver shall be considered equal in value to one grain of gold. They tell you about the parity between these two metals. Translate that into plain the second of the English and it simply means an equality of the value of metals. The metals are at a parity when a gold dollar composed of so many grains is equal in value to a silver dollar composed of sixteen times that many grains. These are the elementary propo-sitions it is necessary that we shall understand before beginning to discuss this ques-tion, and I trust and believe there is no room for a failure to comprehend it. No matter how young the child, it is easy for him to take in these postulates which are indispensable to an intelligent consideration of this question. (Applause.)

THE ISSUE PLAINLY STATED. Sherman System Declared have Struck Down Silver.

Now let me begin by saying that there never were but two monetary systems in this country. When you established your ndependence a monetary system was established by the American people. Up to that time we lived under the English system of pounds, shillings and pence. But it was thought by the founders of this Government that a nation of people who had been able to achieve its own independence from British power ought to be able to es tablish and maintain its own financial or money system. Consequently an American citizen of that date, the ablest thinker, the brightest statesman, the truest citizen and patriot, whose name stands out brightest among that shining list of immorts that blaze upon the imperishable pages of your history, the author of the Declaration of National Independence, the draftsman of the first platform that was ever adopted by a National Democratic Convention, Thomas Jefferson, was the author of the law of 1792 passed by Congress, that kicked the English monetary system into the At-lantic ocean, discarded it, spurned it and sent it back to that despotic shore whose driveling clutches our forefathers had just loosened from our throats. The act of tary system we had. That was the system given to you by Thomas Jefferson.

There never has to this blessed hour been but one other system established upon this continent, and that was the system estab-lished in 1873 by Senator Sherman, of Ohio, and that is the system under which we live to-day. Jefferson's system gave you what is called the double standard. Translated into English that means that it was based upon both gold and silver as the money of the American people. The sys-tem of Senator Sherman gives you what is called a single standard. English that means that the Sherman system leaves you gold as the only primary money of this people, and struck down silver from the list of precious metals.

That is the issue and that is all the issue.

American people, bear witness for me, heaven, I never saw, I never knew, I never heard of such a man. Let us deal fairly with the people, let us tell the truth to the people, or, at least, make an honest effort to tell the truth. That does not present the issue fairly. That does not truthfully state the parties to this controversy. I will tell you who those parties are. Upon the one side stands arrayed the advocate of the single gold standard, and upon the other side stands arrayed the army that represents the masses of the American people who advocate both gold and silver, neither one, but both. (Applause.)

My countrymen, if I was ever moved by

sainted names of Jefferson and Jackson in support of the heresy they preach. Protect us, heaven, from such desceration! Jefferson's name conjured up to support Senator Sherman's system as a substitute for his own. Jefferson's memory outraged and his shadow subpoenaed as a witness to appear before the bar of public opinion in support of the theory and the monetary system of the man who proposes and who insists upon turning over the financial affairs of this country to the tender mercies of the banks. Jefferson is the man who told us that the banks were more of a menace to republican

grave in support of the theories advocated by those who declare to-day that gold, and gold alone, must be the money of the people. Jackson in his day, and whilst Chief so far as I know there is not any that gold in peach his right to run, and, Executive of this result is not a support of the people, or, as he puts it, of the people's representatives in Kentucky, no man within the limits of the people, or, as he puts it, of the people's representatives in Kentucky, no man within the limits of the people or, as he puts it, o Executive of this great nation, was criticised it is true. By some he was abused, by some his name and his administration were and unquestionable prerogative; but it roughly handled, but the criticism which was passed upon Jackson was because of his opposition to the money power. The only thing for which he was ever abused was his veto of a bank charter and his insisting metal to the extent of advocating its free upon the removal of the Government deposits. Jackson's administration was criticised and attacked because of his opposition tery and power; but even that dark and bloody epoch from 1861 to 1865, fought out upon the field of carnage, presented no never likely to suffer criticism upon the out upon the field of carnage, presented no issue to the American people more far-reaching in its result, more important in its consequences, than the one we are handling now.

never likely to suffer criticism upon the same score. (Applause.) There, gentle-men, is the issue. I have begun a canvass of this State of ours as the opponent of the theories of the gold advocates, as the earnest, however humble, advocate of the restor-ation of the silver metal to the place that it held for nearly a hundred years, on even terms and without discrimination, with the gold metal of the land.

MR CARLISLE'S APPEARANCE IN THE

I had thought and I had reason to think that in the discussion of this question in its presentation to the people of Kentucky for their consideration, whether from a general standpoint or from an individual stand-point, that it would have been left for me to meet in debate those representatives of the opposing theory that are pitted against me in this contest. I thought it might have been considered safe and fair for the advocates of the gold metal to have left this fight to be settled by two at least of the distinguished citizens of this State who are to-day announced candidates for the United States Senate, and who advocate that gold standard. I expected to meet in debate and combat as best I could the views of ex-Governor Buckner and ex-Governor McCreary. The one has come out in an open, fair, flat avowal for a single gold standard. That grand old soldier, whom it delights all Kentuckians to honor and to love, is always manly. He is manly now upon this issue. In his interview hethrows down the gauntlet, or rather he accepts the gage that had been thrown down to him. Openly, fairly and fearlessly he challenges the confidence and the attention of the people of Kentucky by declaring that he is an avowed advocate of a single gold standard, that he wants no remonetization of silver. The other capable gentleman to whom I

have alluded has given, not only from the stump in speeches recently delivered, but in carefully and deliberately prepared interviews published in the metropolitan journals of this and other States, his position. I do not know that I could do him struck it down by passing a law declaring justice, however honest my effort, to tell that silver should no longer be a primary you what it is, for the simple reason that, after reading carefully and perusing and come direct, without prefix nay as well come direct, without nay as well not not know that it down by passing a law declaring justice, however honest may be used to the prefix nay as well come a not believe he knows what he is in favor of any better than I do. I do not believe that Gov. McCreary and you and I and all the balance of the world combined, unless we be guided by omnipotent wisdom, can tell which side of this controversy he is on. He says he is a bimetallist provided you will use one metal. He says that he is in favor of the remonetization of silver provided you don't remonetize it. He says that he is in favor of using both gold and silver provided you will wait until the balance of the world, and especially Great Britain, shall give you her royal permission and allow

you to do it. (Applause.)
I had believed, if I hadn't believed, I at least had hoped that I might have been permitted to settle this controversy with these distinguished citizens and ex-Gov-ernors of this State who are contesting this battle with me; but it seems in that I was mistaken. It occurred to me that was heavily enough handicapped before. I have as opponents every man who had been Governor of Kentucky that was left unburied, except one. Gov. McCreary, Gov. Buckner and Gov. Brown have all shied their castors in this ring and announced themselves candidates for the Senate. Proctor Knott is the only ex-Governor who is not a candidate. But it seems that the friends of the gold metal were unwilling to leave this controversy to be settled between the parties litigant. Surely these men were numerous enough and they can prove by me if my testimony is needed that they were able enough to take care of their own

But the advocates of Wall street did not feel safe in their keeping. Another factor had to be brought into this fight, a bigger man, in their judgment, was needed to be sent for; Achilles had to be produced in order that a successful assault might be made on these sturdy Trojan walls, within which the advocates of the double standard stood safely entrenched. A precedent had to be set, a new departure in American poltics had to be inaugurated. The Cabinet had to be detailed to rally upon the hust-ings. The officers of the Interior Depart-ment, of the Agricultural Department and ment, of the Agricultural Department and of the Treasury Department must be closed and locked whilst those great heads of those great branches of the Government were to be sent out, deployed like drummers, on the road to take the stump to a save the sinking cause of gold monometallism in this country. I have no objection to this, but I can not imagine what induced the adoption of this policy unless it be the desperation of the gold cause, which was pending in the balance. Perhaps that is not a correct explanation. Perhaps it was pending in the balance. Perhaps that is not a correct explanation. Perhaps it was necessary to do this—to make this invocation, to set this new precedent—in order to illustrate the consistency with which this Administration carries out its civil service policy. (Applause.)

It may be that this Administration needed

Jefferson is the man who told us that the banks were more of a menace to republican institutions and civil liberty than was a standing army; Jefferson, the founder, the man who laid the corner-stone upon which was built the superstructure for a free government for a free people.

And Jackson, too! Appeal is made to him as a witness to speak from the silent grave in support of the theories advocated by those who declare to day that gold, and tion to his exercising that unquestioned and unquestionable prerogative; but it seemed to me to be equally unnecessary for the Secretary to enter into an elaborate de-nial in that Covington speech of the charge that he had ever been a friend of the silver and unlimited coinage, but whether necessary or unnecessary, the Secretary in his speech at Covington did say that he never had, by speech, utterance or letter, advocated the free and unlimited coinage of the silver metal. Before I have finished I shall submit to the decision of this audience the question that he puts in issue

MR. CARLISLE RIPPED UP THE BACK. His Previous Record Made Public.

I want here before going further to de clare that in anything I may say to day with reference either to the record of the Secretary of the Treasury or to the recent utterances of that gentleman, I mean to be fair. I mean to be more than fair, I mean to be generous, I mean to be candid. There was a time when this man stood the friend of the people. For his honored record in the past we owe him a debt of gratitude. I have no motive, and could not be urged or influenced by any motive to do that distinguished gentleman an injustice. I have known him long and intimately; I have served in the balls of Congress with him for sixteen years. My intimate acquaint-ance and association with him have resulted only in increasing my admiration for his in-tellectual gifts and powers, in strengthen-ing and deepening the sentiment of per-sonal attachment that I cherish for him. Whatever fame he has achieved, I stand a willing witness by whom to prove that he fairly earned it. He has stood for years recognized among the ablest thinkers of our country; among the best lawyers that this continent has known, among the soundest statesmen that this generation has given to the service of the country. I am prepared to testify that to all this he was honestly and fairly entitled. I have served there either in the House or Senate, with this Secretary for sixteen consecutive, continuous years, never dividing upon questions of political character—always together, thinkng together, acting together, voting together and fighting together, even upon this silver question, for during all those long years it was my wont to look to him as one of the acknowledged leaders upon our side of the same issue over which we are bat-tling to-day. It was he who by his utterances, leadership, capacity and recognized power, towered up among the advocates of the double standard, among the people's champions, a pillar of cloud by day and a pillar of fire by night, guiding, shielding and leading the hosts of his countrymen from the darkness of a condition of bondage into the open sunlight of promise.

period of sixteen years in either house of the Federal Congress that stood pre-eminent among the friends of the silver metal as its ablest and boldest champion, it was the one who to-day appears upon the hustings in Kentucky's canvass as the avowed enemy of that metal and the advocate of the single gold standard. Take his record. I will not dwell upon that speech in February, 1878, when he and I were members of the House together. However he may explain it, whatever portion of it he may contend has been misconstrued, no matter what course he takes, that speech of John G. Carlisle, delivered on the 21st of February, 1878, in the House, will go sounding down the ages as the ablest, the boldest, the most unanswerable argument that ever was submitted by a mortal man upon the floors of Congress in support of the silver metal. If his utterances of to-day require answer it is not necessary for you or me to make the reply; he has himself answered himself. There is not a proposition in the speeches delivered by him at Covington, Memphis or Bowling Green, the error and falsity of which are not completely shown by his own utterance in 1878. If the people of this State or country want a more complete and crushing answer to his pres ent arguments than any of us can furnish they can have it in his own utterances of

eventeen years ago.

But to-day he tells us that that speech was misunderstood. He says it was not intended in advocacy of free silver. Let us stop, by way of parenthesis here, and inquire what that term means—what is free silver? It does not mean that the silver metal is to be coined into dollars and scattered broadcast through the highways and hedges of this country. It does not mean that the silver coin is to be made free to the American people to help themselves from the vaults of the Federal Treasury. That is not free silver. The free and unlimited coinage of silver means this: That it is oined and minted free; the Government makes no charge for minting it; that any citizen can come with his silver bullion to he mints of this country and have it coined into money and the stamp of the American eagle put on it without cost or charge by the Government for its coinage. That is free silver and that is all it does mean. The unlimited coinage of silver means that there shall be no limit put upon the right of the holder and the owner of the silver bullion to have it coined. The two terms oined together, the free and unlimited coinage of silver, mean that any man who has silver bullion may take it to the mints and have it coined in any amount that he pleases, no limit upon the amount and no charge for the coining. Surely that is easy

enough understood.

Now, he insists that he has never changed his opinion, that he stands to-day changed his opinion, that he stands to-day where he always stood, that that speech made in 1878, seventeen years ago, which the people of Kentucky, which every man in both houses of Congress, which every intelligent man within the limits of this land or nn the face of the earth understood It may be that this Administration needed to give some signal proof to the American people of its consistent civil service policy in chopping off the head of a third or fourthclass clerk in the public printing office for the grave crime he committed in writing to his people a letter in favor of the remonetization of the silver metal. Perhaps it was necessary to show that this Administration was consistent when it takes the official head off the shoulders of a fourth-class clerk for daring even in private correspondence to express his views upon this important question by sending out the heads of the various departments of government to join in the dust and the fray of the conflict upon the stump.

made in 1878, seventeen years ago, which the people of Kentucky, which every man in both houses of Congress, which every in both houses of congress, which every in the limits of this land or nn the face of the earth understood to be a powerful plea for the free and unlimited coinage of silver—he tells us for the first time last Monday, one week ago to day—that that was not the contention; that the construction put upon it was not the true one. For seventeen years he rested under all the encomiums and compliments paid him as the ablest advocate of the coin ago of silver, but at last he has discovered that it was all a mistake; that that speech was not in favor of silver, but that he was against its coinage then as he is against clerk for daring even in private correspondence to express his views upon this important question by sending out the heads of the various departments of government to join in the dust and the fray of the condict upon the stump.

But however this may be, whatever may be the explanation, is a matter of little concern to me, and I doubt not of even less concern to you. I have no explanation to make of the Cabinet taking the stump in this fight, and I do not think it washecessary for the Secretary of the Treasury, in his official head off the shoulders of a fourth-class the true one. For seventeen years he rested dollar, and that amendment was adopted. The House, however, refused to agree to this we know by sad experience, corner either one. Nothing gives value to either gold or mittee was appointed, which struck out free coinage entirely, and this is the bill I was not in favor of silver, but that he was against. I send you by mail all three of the bills. Very truly, it now. There is nothing left for us except to accept his disclaimer and denial. Knowing him as intimately and as well as I do, I do not hesitate for an instant to accept his disclaimer. I am satisfied that that this fight, and I do not think it washecessary for the Secretary of the Treasury, in his for seventeen years I was willing to make

oath that it was, I am willing to go farther, and if Mr. Carlisle asked me to do it I will believe, that is, I will do my best in trying letter which he wrote to Mr. Smith in 1890 to believe that Carlisle never made that speech at all. I will go farther still and I will strain my best efforts in the direction of believing that Carlisle never did make any speech either in Congress or out of it upon the silver question; but if he is successful in endeavoring to explain away that speech, and I have no doubt he would like poena no witness against him except himupon the silver question; but if he is sucnow to obliterate it from the memories of men and blot it out from the imperishable I tender no heresay testimony, I submit the record of Congress, but if he shall ever succeed in doing, as he has endeavored to do, and as his friends appear to think he has done, in explaining away that speech, and making every man in this country believe that it was not a tree silver speech, his task is not; yet accomplished; it is just begun; here is still behind him another stumbling block more difficult to overcome.

SOME VOTES IN CONGRESS. Mr. Blackburn Shows how the Sec-retary has Shifted his Position.

You may possibly explain away a speech, but the hardest thing upon this earth to explain is a vote. This speech was made on the 21st day of February, 1878, if my memory serves me, but if I may trust my memory, and upon that receillection. memory, and upon that recollection defy contradiction, I think if you will go back and examine the unquestioned and unquestionable records, the official records of Congress itself, you will find that I am right in this remembrance. I entered Congress for the first time on the 4th of March, 1875. Mr. Carlisle came two years afterward, on the 4th of March, 1877, a day that for certain reasons is re-membered as a black Friday in the political calendar of the American people. On that self-same day, in the self-same hour, at the self-same moment that a fraudulent claim-ant to the presidency of this country took the oath of office as Chief Executive, heaven seemed to be kindly in its purpose, and appeared to want to make some sort of reparation to the American people for the ration to the American people for the fraudulent induction of Rutherford B. Hayes into the White House, and sent John G. Carlisle for the first time to take his seat as a member of the American Congress. In that same year, on the 5th day of November, 1877, three months before he either did or did not make the questioned speech of February, 1878, the imperishable and undeniable record of Congress shows that he and I sat side by side and voted for the Bland free and unlimited silver coinage bill that passed the House of Representa-

tives by aid of our votes.

I should think he was a free silver man that day. If he was not, he was giving the queerest votes that a goldbug ever put on record since the world began. (Applause.) That bill went to the Senate, and Congress adjourned, and we came home. On the first Monday of the following December about one month after he voted for Mr. Bland's Free Silver Bill, under the law Congress reassembled, and the Senate passed that bill that Carlisle and I had helped put through the House. It put on an amendment which struck out that free silver clause and sent it back to the House. I was opposed to it then because the clause had been stricken out that gave the right to coin the silver metal, and so was Carlisle opposed to it, and it was for the self-same reason, and it was upon that bill as amended by the Senate that Carlisle either did make or did not make the speech of the 21st of February, 1878.

But that does not end the record yet. speeches can be explained away and if troublesome votes can be explained away, there is another character of evidence yet, and its genuineness will not be impeached. If he was not a free silver man in 1878 he at least spoke like one; if he was not a free silver man in 1877, he at least voted like one, but whether he was, in 1877 or 1878, in favor of free silver, unless he is a most uses, not when talking hurriedly in the excitement of debate, as I am speaking now, but when in the quiet of his own chamber he sat down deliberately and thoughtfully to write a letter. He wrote a letter.

In 1878 we passed what is known as the Bland-Allison Bill. That was a silver coinage bill, and the Secretary voted for it and so did I. But it put a limit upon the amount. It said that any man that held silver bullion should have it coined at the mints of this country and stamped with the American eagle as a dollar, but said there should not be less than two nor more than four millions a month. That was the only limit the Bland-Allison Bill put upon the coinage of silver. In 1890 the Republican party passed a bill known as the Sherman Bill, which repealed the Bland-Allison Bill, and made it compulsory upon the Govern-ment to buy four and one-half million every month, but expressly provided that at the end of the year the Government might that Sherman Bill because it stopped the coinage altogether. I voted against that Sherman Bill because it stopped the coinage of the silver dollar. So did my colleague, the present Secretary of the Treasury. He and I had not parted company yet. We were working on parallel lines in short harness together. He and I and every Democrat in that Senate chamber in June, 1890, voted against the passage of the Sherman law, which repealed the coinage of the

At that time there was a gentleman by the name of William M. Smith, a member of your State Legislature, from the county of Graves,down in the Democratic Gibraltar known as Jackson's Purchase, the First district. Mr. Smith was then a member of the Kentucky Legislature from Graves county. He is to-day the United States District Attorney for the District of Kentucky, with his effice at Louisville. Mr. Smith wrote Mr. Carlisle a letter on June 13, 1890, in which he said: "The Farmers' Alliance of Graves county are incensed against you because you voted against the Sherman bill, which provided for the purchase of four and a half million of silver bullion every month. They are mad at you, and I want an answer from you in the nature of an explanation of that vote, and I want it for publication." Mr. Smith got his answer, and I hold it in my hand. I mean to be fair; I will not read extracts from it, but will read it all, if it be possible, for Mr. Carlisle himself, who is a master of the Erglish language, to state a proposi-tion so plainly that an idiot can understand it, I will leave it to you to decide if he did not succeed in his effort in this letter. It reads:

"Hon. Wm. M. Smith, Mayfield, Ky Dear Sir: Your favor of the 18th just re-ceived. Every Democrat in the State voted against the Silver bill, as it was finally amended and reported by the Con-ference Committee, because we believed it was worse than the existing law. If the Farmer's Alliance of Graves county believe that this Republican measure, which substantially stops the coinage of the silver dollar after one year, is better than the Democratic law of 1878, they are of course entitled to their opinion, but I do not agree with them. When the original House bill was under consideration in the Senate, I voted to amend it so as to provide for the free and unlimited coinage of the silver dollar, and that amendment was adopted. The House, however, refused to agree to this

meant nothing, too.
Put them all together and if they don't prove that he was on those three several dates as stanch a friend of the unlimited coinage of silver as I or you or any other self, offer no evidence except that of record. eave the question for you to determine.

But it may be answered that it does not matter if Secretary Carlisle was a free silver man in 1877 or 1878 or in 1890 even; that does not affect the validity of the argument he is making to-day as an anti-free silver man. I agree to that. But it is ree silver man. I agree to that. But it is entitled to consideration in this controversy for another purpose. No court of record would exclude it, because it is valuable by way of testing the value of the opinions expressed by the witness to-day. It goes to the materiality and credibility of the witness himself. If he was a free silver man as long as he stood in the council of the country as the representative and of the country as the representative and mouthpiece of the people, if he never changed those opinions until he ceased to be the people's spokesman and the people's representative and became the financial officer of the Government, under this Administration, then I hold that this record is admissible.

SECRETARY CARLISLE'S ARGUMENTS
COMPLETELY DEMOLISHED,
I am not going to rest on that; Mr. Carlisle had a perfect right to hold those views from 1877 to 1890; he had an unquestioned right to change them since 1890; he had a perfect right to come before the people of Kentucky and say he was mistaken, was deluded, was in error, that not the double, but the single standard is the true one. No one had any ground to complain if he had said that, but I leave him to reconcile his present statements with his written and reorded utterances as best he may be able.

Now I come to his utterances of to-day. I point to everything that record holds, whether for or against him. I take up the arguments he submits to day and without any connection with his past record, I challenge the judgment of the American people upon them. I have scanned as carefully as I can the speeches he has made since he started out on his tour. It is my bonest purpose this afternoon to overlook no material statement he has given utterance to in either of his speeches. When I saw that he was going into this contest, knowing his great power as well as I do, I confidently believed that he was going to throw new light upon this issue. I believed that the great financial head of the Government would bring something new into this discussion. I waited for it and I waited impa-

tiently only to be disappointed.

That Mr. Carlisle has stated the gold side of this controversy strongly no fair-minded man can afford to deny. I have not lived long enough, I have not come in contact with men enough in the more than half a century that measures the life that lies behind me; I have never met, seen or known a man who had more ability to state his case than the present Secretary of the Treasury. He of all men I have ever known can probably come the nearest to making the worst appear the better cause. That he has stated his case strongly, forcibly and plausibly, I cheerfully admit; but that he has introduced any new elements into this discussion I am unable to discover. For instance, he tells you that the present monetary system under which we live is not a perfect system. He says it is faulty. He tells you that when the present financial crisis struck us in 1893 we were possessed of every substantial requisite of prosperity and safety except a monetary system that was not safe or sound. It was the same system then that you have to-day. a single gold standard that day and it is a single gold standard this day. I assert that not a single statute law has been put upon the books of this country since that time that at all changes, alters or modifies your monetary system. Mr. Carlisle declares that in 1893, when the crisis struck us, our lack of safety consisted in the fact that our monetary system was not a sound one. Then I answer that it is not sound now Yet he tells you in the same breath that you must preserve and hold on to the monetary system as you have it to-day. You must not change it, and yet it is not a safe

or a sound one. He tells you further that in 1834 when the ratio of sixteen grains of silver to one grain of gold was in existence, when the mints of the country were open to the coinage of both silver and gold on even terms without discrimination, that condition drove this country to the single gold standard, and that from 1834 to 1873 we had nothing but a single gold standard. I deny that that is correctly stated, but, for the sake of argument, will admit his state-ment. A single gold standard at the ratio ment. A single gold standard at the ratio of sixteen grains of silver to one of gold, with the mints of the country open to both metals, he tells you, in 1834 drove us to a single gold standard and that we kept on it from that day until now. Yet in the same speech, in the same breath, he tells you if you open the mints of this country to-day to the free coinage, if both metals are on even terms on the same basis of sixteen to one, it will put you on a single silver basis; but how is this? Like causes produce like effects under similar conditions. In 1834 the unlimited coinage of both metals on that basis put us on a single gold standard, when he swears and avows that in 1895 the free coinage of both metals on the same basis will put us on a single silver standard. Men of common sense are loath to accept as true such preposterous conclusions. If it made us a gold people then, how happens it that it will make us a silver people now. But that is not all that he tells us. He

says that bimetallism is impossible, that it is impossible for any country to keep both gold and silver in concurrent circulation as the money of the people. I never under-stood any advocates of the double standard to contend that it was necessary in order to have bimetallism to keep both metals in concurrent circulation; that is, at the same time and at the same ratio. That is not the contention we are making. That is not necessarily bimetallism. You may have bimetallism and not have both metals circulating at an equality of value at the same time. That bimetallism may exist with only one metal in circulation is a fact only one metal in circulation is a fact which absolutely can not be successfully controverted. We may have both metals in circulation at equal values and a corner may be made on gold, and if that be done silver takes its place, for silver is money as well as gold. Or if a corner be made on silver, then gold comes out from its hiding place in answer to the universal depend place in answer to the universal demand made for it by the people. The fluctuation and oscillation of the two

metals is what constitute that which is known as the elasticity of a bimetallic currency, and therein consists the protection that is given to the people. The money-holder and the money changer can not corner both, but he can, as

lars he says give it to me in gold, and I say I have not got it, but I have it in silver. You refuse to take that and send me off to find a thousand dollars in gold. One is as much money as the other under the law. find but one man who has a thousand dollars in gold, and I am bound to get it, so I am bound to take it on his terms. I am bound to pay him what rate of interest he sees fit to charge me, for under your right of they say you must keep the silver and gold at an equality of value. How can I when you give the right of option to the man to whom the debt is due who demands the dearer metal? That increases the demand for gold and sends the price of gold up. Re-fusing to take silver lessens the demand for silver and sends the price of silver down lower, and you force still wider apart in value the two money metals in the country. But when you give the right of option to the man who pays the debt, either one answers his purpose. He at once says give me a thousand dollars in silver. It pays my debt as well as gold and it is easier money to get control of. By giving that right of option in favor of the debtor you maintain the equality in value between the metals by increasing the demand for the cheaper metal and lessening the demand. metal and lessening the demand for the dearer metal. About a proposition as plain

as that there can be no controversy.

But it does not stop there. He says bimetallism never was maintained by any people. I challenge the statement for lack of correctness. It is not true. He slaps history in the face who makes the statement. The history of the world shows that from 1803 to 1876 France did maintain successfully bimetallism in its truest and broadest sense. In that French realm silver and gold for seventy odd years floated on even terms of value. History of our down to love when the the the dead gress, by more than a two-thirds Republican majority in both houses, at the dead hour of midnight, without warning to the is done at home among our own people. American people, without notice of this contemplated assassination, killed silver. For eighty-one years the two metals in For eighty-one years the two metals in this land of ours with mints open to both alike, on even terms, had floated both as the final redemption money of the American people. Who struck silver down? I have told you. A Republican Congress, Republican by two-thirds majority in both branches. How was it stricken down? In the bright light of day, but at the witching hour of midnight, an hour fitted for so destardly a deed—at that hour if either by direct charge or insinuation. this land of ours with mints open to both alike, on even terms, had floated both as the fitted for so dastardly a deed—at that hour on the 12th day of February, 1873, this act, which was denominated as the greatest with me are not advocates of an honest crime of this or any other age by the present Secretary of the Treasury, or whoever it was that made that speech in the Federal Congress, was consummated. The I believed that a silver dollar to-day was utterer of that speech said the passage of not an honest dollar I would be in favor that bill was the greatest crime of that or of retiring it this instant. An honest on of a conspiracy formed in this country and in Europe to bring upon the human family more suffering, more torture and poverty than all the wars and pestilences and famines that the world had ever known.

Why was silver stricken down by these people? Had it ever been demanded? No, sir; I defy the man who lives to put his finger upon a single political platform, State or national, of any party, Republican, Democratic, Populist, Woman's Suffrage, Prohibition, Farmers' Alliance, or any other platform that ever demanded the demonetization of the silver metal. No body had ever asked for it.

Was it because the metal was not a good money metal? You know better. The very day that it was demonetized it commanded a premium over gold over the counters of every bank within the limits of your land. It commanded a premium of 2 per cent. over gold over the counters of your bank here in this State and town. It was more popular with the people than gold. It always had been the money of the people. The people had never demanded its taking off. The people had never ex-pressed dissatisfaction with it. For four thousand years it had breasted in the vanguard of humanity's progress. In times of both peace and war it had been the faithful tried and trusted friend of the toiler. You had sent it forth in times of carnage and from 1861 to 1865 it armed and fed and clothed the soldiers of your army. It passed through that flery ordeal and at the conclusion of hostilities it came back to you with its shining face unblotted and un-tarnished. In peace it had been your mainstay and in war it was the metal upon which you relied; for gold is a cowardly money. When the first shot rattled from the forts of Charleston against the walls of

horny hand of the honest son of toil is not even permitted to touch the sacred metal. What is it? Is it gold that provides the loaf of bread to assuage and stay the pangs of hunger when the son of toil comes to his humble home? No, no. It is the shining silver piece that passes from his sweated sooty hand across the counter to the baker. Is it gold redeems and reclaims from the clutch of might the humble home of the poor by providing him with Democratic Congress passed it over his veto the baker. Is it gold redeems and reclaims from the clutch of might the humble home of the poor by providing him with the tallow dip? Did he buy it with a gold coin? Never. He relies upen his long-tried friend, the silver metal, to give him, not the luxuries but the necessities of life. This was the metal which was murdered, and yet they tell us the people of this country had no use for it. My countrymen, the man who assumes to advise and counsel, if not instruct and guide and lead his fellowman, owes a solemn duty to the people, and that is to be candid and to tell them the truth. The Secretary of the Treasury tells you in his speeches to-day that are ringing throughout the length and breadth of this land, that from 1792, when Jefferson established your American system of money, down to 1873, when it was overturned, there never had been but eight million silver dollars coined.

That is technically true; substantially it is false. It was not so intended, but it is a misleading and unfair statement. Should not the honorable Secretary of the Treasury if he meant to tell them what was true, have added that whilst there were but eight millions of silver dollars coined in all this

contract to pay in either money he chooses.

The law of trade, the law of fairness, the law of justice, requires that that right of option shall belong to the debtor and not the hundred and five millions of silver money; nundred and five millions of silver money; only eight million dollars I grant you, but nearly one hundred million of dollars, of half dollars, quarters, dimes and five-cent pieces of silver money was floated. law of justice, requires that that right of option shall belong to the debtor and not the creditor. If I owe you a thousand dollars, it is I who should have the option, it is I who should have the right to say whether I will pay you in one or the other of the lawful moneys of this country. If the option is given to pay a debt either in silver or gold, who should hold and who should exercise that option? Do you say that the creditor is entitled to it? If so, it is no option at all.

If I owe you a thousand dollars and both gold and silver are good money under the law of the land, should I not have the right to discharge that debt or meet that obligation with either a thousand dollars of gold or silver? No, says the gold advocate, the right to discharge that debt or meet that obligation when you come to pay him a thousand dollars of gold are she says give it, to me in gold, and I say I have not got it, but I have it in silver. You refuse to take that and send me off to you refuse to take that and send

option it is the only coin in which you are willing to accept payment. That is unfair, but the right of option by the gold advocate is claimed to belong to the debtor, and then conduct our business with the foreign naadhere to a single gold standard because it is absolutely indispensable and necessary to conduct our business with the foreign nathat?

adhere to a single gold standard because it is out of it, as the gold purchaser would have after the transaction? You can not believe that? tions of the world. I answer and say that the heaviest transactions we ever had with the foreign powers of the earth were from 1866 to 1879. There never was a period in American history when your foreign trade American history when your foreign trade and your foreign transactions were heavier in volume, and yet during those thirteen years while Europe was standing upon gold and silver the United States never had either. You had by law declared a suspension of specie payments, and for thirteen years we did manage to carry on our heavy foreign transactions without either gold or silver. We settled our balances in trade as silver. We settled our balances in trade as

they were always settled.

But he wants gold and nothing but gold, because it will circulate abroad. Does this Government of ours make and issue money to circulate in Russia or in Egypt? We make money and issue it to circulate at home. We don't want it to go abroad. But you are told, forsooth, by this eminent financier, that you must not have any money but gold because that alone will circulate abroad. Eighteen months ago you saw thirty-two millions of gold shipped out of the country in five months. Wall street was in convulsions. The gold hoarders and the money handlers frothed at the mouth like a lot of hydrophobia dogs when you offer them water. They said they did not want your gold to go abroad, it produced a panic, and yet they own country refutes his statement. The tell you now you must have nothing but history of this people shows that from 1792 gold because that alone will circulate down to 1873 when the Republican Con- abroad. Less than 4 per cent. of our trade

Which is the more important to you in your financial legislation? Had you better give attention to the wants of the 96 per

dishonest money. THE SILVER DOLLAR AN HONEST DOLLAR

But the advocate of the gold standard tells you that the silver dollar is not an honest dollar. He says it is depreciated in value. I deny it. Measured by what standard? I affirm, and upon the affirmation I defy contradiction, that one hundred cents I defy contradiction, that one hundred cents in silver to-day will buy as much of human property or human labor as it ever did buy since it pleased the Almighty to create mankind. One hundred cents of silver today will buy as much in farm products or of the machine shop, or of any product of man's sweat and labor as it ever did buy in man's sweat and labor as it ever did buy in all the ages. It will not buy as much gold, I grant you. And why? Because you have declared that silver shall no longer be a money metal on an equality with gold; you have forced gold up and silver down by arbitrary, unwarranted and unrighteous legislation. A fair way to put the proposition would be that silver has not shrunk in value, but gold has risen in value, and the only explanation of it is that it is and the only explanation of it is that it is the result of arbitrary, unjust and erroneous

legislation.

But he says that if you remonetize silver, But he says that if you remonetize silver, that is, if you open the mints of the country to silver again, every dollar of gold in this country will sprout wings during the night and take its flight with the rise of the sun next morning across the Atlantic ocean; that you would never see the gold again; that all the silver of foreign nations will be dumped upon our soil for mintage and coinage. We have heard this threat before. It is the same old cry of wolf that fails to age. We have heard this threat before. It is the same old cry of wolf that fails to startle or affright us. In 1878 when we passed the Bland-Allison bill that gave free coinage limited to from two to four million a month, it was not Carlisle but John Sher-man who told us then what Carlisle tells us Ft. Sumter this cowardly, craven golden metal took its flight from among the moneys of the country and hid itself away. (Applause.)

GOLD NEVER WAS THE MONEY OF THE PEOPLE.

Gold never was the money of the people. Gold is the money of commerce; gold is the money hoarded for war purposes; gold is the money used in heavy financial transactions; gold is the money of the money-hoarder and the money-handler. The horny hand of the honest son of toil is not even permitted to touch the sacred metal.

Canadian—silver, which was equivalent to our having coined it ourselves?

Would it not have been a fairer statement, if instead of telling the people that eight millions of silver had been furnished to you from 1792 to 1873, if he had told you that \$205,000,000 of silver had been put afloat in this country and made legal tender by the law of the land? But that is not all I wish it were. He tells you that you must would a man who owned two dollars'
worth of silver sell it for one dollar in gold
when he had the same right to go to the
American mint and have two dollars made

> But they insist that the silver dollar is But they insist that the silver dollar is a dishonest dollar. I do not believe it, but if I did I would say retire it from circulation. Honest men do not advocate the circulation of dishonest money. They say the silver dollar is only worth fifty cents where it professes to be worth one hundred. Then, for heaven's sake, retire it. That is half-way counterfeiting. What is a counterfeiter? A man who pushes upon it a counterfeiter? A man who pushes upon the public that which purports to be worth a hundred cents, when, in fact, it is worth nothing. How much better than a coun-terfeiter is the man who proposes to con-tinue to force upon the honest people that which purports to be worth one hundred cents when it is only worth for cents when it is only worth fifty cents. Is not he half as bad as the counterfeiter The law sends a counterfeiter to the pen-itentiary when it gets its clutches on him. What ought to be done with him who advocates and puts out a dollar worth only shalf a dollar? If there is a half way place between this temple of justice and the peni-tentiary he should be sent to that. A coun terfeiter is a felon, but the half-way counter-

feiter is a financier. (Applause.)

If I believed the silver dollar was a dishonest dollar I would not be willing to leave one of them in circulation when that sun goes down to-day. Not as long as I claim to be an honest man. But I don't your labor-anything that in the open markets of the world will buy one hundred cents' worth of an honest man's sweat or the product of an honest man's toil. I he chief primary cause, of this confiscation think that is an honest dollar which will of property. pay one hundred cents of an honest debt, and I do not think that all money is dishonest except that which represents the clamoring claim asserted by the gold holder. do not mean that no dollar is honest ex-

that there is to-day or ever was any such amount as \$625,000,000 of gold in circulathat there is to-day or ever was any such amount as \$625,000,000 of gold in circulation among the American people. How does he get his estimates? From what quarter does he draw his figures? What authority has he for this assertion? He knows there are ninety odd millions of gold stored away in the Federal Treasury. That is not in circulation among the people. For, unless you are provided with a crowbar with which to break into that Federal Treasury, I will warrant that you can not get your clutches on it. But admit that it is in circulation. He knows there is something less than two hundred millions in gold throughout the world for the year 1894 was less than \$200,000. One hundred and eighty million dollars is the whole product of gold of thing less than two hundred millions in gold neld in reserve by the banks of the country if the law is being observed, and we have where the people can not get at it. And you see he has not accounted for the existence of a single other dollar of gold in this

of the Mint, guessed at how much gold was stored away in the stocking legs throughout the country, and the Treasury Department has been busily engaged in guessing ment has been busily engaged in guessing ever since. He can not account for as much as \$300,000,000 instead of \$625,000,000. But suppose it did go out of the country. He says money would be cheaper. I thought the scarcer money was the dearer it was; I thought it was more difficult to get hold of a dollar if there was cult to get hold of a dollar if there was but one dollar than if there were two in the world. I thought the less money you had and the higher the rate of interest the better it was for the money lender; I thought the more plentiful money was and the lower the rate of interest, the better it the lower the rate of interest, the better it was for the producer and the American masses. That is the rule of common sense, and it is the rule upon which we have ever acted. But the Secretary tells us that he has made this discovery, that if you expel \$625,000,000 of money from your midst what is left, because of its depreciated character, will be cheaper, and all prices will go down. This is a new discovery in political economy. Who ever heard of the price of labor shrinking when prices were booming and advancing? Are you to be hoodwinked with sophistry like this?

But he tell us mere. He does not deny that since the passage of that act of 1873 the general tendency of prices has been downward. He does not deny that all values have shrunken since that law was

MR. CARLISLE CORRECTED IN HIS STATEMENT OF HISTORY.

But the Secretary has made another discovery in political economy. He says the prices of all commodities are not measured by the amount of final redemption money. No, no. He denies that values in this country are determined by the \$625,000,000

well-nigh seventy years, there had been coined at the mints of this country and put into circulation, not eight million, but one hundred and five million of dollars in circulation of dollars, quarters, dimes and five-cent pieces of silver money was floated upon satisfactory rates of interest than they get as much security and more pieces of silver money was floated upon stated and control of gold which is alone the redemption only chance for the payment of this debt. I submit it to you not as financiers, not as specialists, but as men of good, hard, common sense, and tell me, my countrymen, if the Secretary of the Treasury to sell any amount of bonds not exceeding five hundred million, payable, interest and princity to thousand million dollars is the standard princity to thousand million dollars is the standard debt if you had it all, and you are not even the first cold production. This is our money of the people. He says, in round only chance for the payment of this debt. I submit it to you not as financiers, not as specialists, but as men of good, hard, common sense, and tell me, my countrymen, if the world itself does not produce enough gold each year to pay the interest on your depth in gold, and gold alone. Thank by which the values of this country are measured. I say that is not true, or, if it is true, these advocates of sound currency are to-day upon an absolute flat money basis Whenever you put up a standard of measurement by which to determine values, if it is project of anything expent the flat shall money it is improved by the paid in gold alone? You can not do it; consists of anything except the final money in which all debts are to be redeemed, it is a fraudulent system, a rotten system, a flat system, with nothing on earth behind it to make it good. What sort of a position is a have already told you, we have heard those party that claims to be par excellence the advocate of a sound financial system and then tells you it is measuring all values on 000,000 of redemption money in the country, if there is but one million of final redemption money, aye, if there is but one God's blessed dollar in all this land of ours of final redemption money, then that single dollar constitutes the standard by which all values in this land are measured. You can not get away from it.
But that is not all. He tells the people

that Jefferson stopped the coinage of silver in this country. That is again a misleading statement. It was under the Administration of Jefferson that the coinage of the silver dollar was stopped, but if the great Secretary of the Treasury wanted to be candid with the people who were listen-ing and who had so often honored him and who, up to this very hour, so confidently trusted him—if he wanted to be fair, why did he not go on and tell them why Jefferson stopped the coinage of the silver dollar? It was because we could not keep it at home. It was at a premium over gold, it was at a premium over sound money, because of the extra amount of pure silver it had in it. The minute you issued a silver dollar from your mint it commanded a premium of from 2 to 3 per cent. It was gobbled up, shipped abroad, recoined in the mints of Paris, another coin worth a dollar issued in its stead, and the surplus silver pocketed as profit. The free coinage of the silver dollar was stopped by Mr. Jeffer-son not because it was not a good dollar, but because it was so good a dollar that we could not keep it at home for our use. He admits, and in this he is fair, that one of the causes of the shrinkage of values for the last twenty odd years was the demonetization of silver, but says it was not the only cause. That is true; it was not the only Improvements and progress made in labor-saving machines, improved facil-ities for transportation and the interchange of the products of the earth, they are causes believe it. What do you mean by an hon-est dollar? I believe that an honest dollar the Secretary of the Treasury is too fair a that assisted in the reduction of prices, and is that coin which represents one hundred cents worth of your labor or the product of your labor—anything that in the open deny or where he even intimated a denial of the charge that the demonetization of

of property.

Think of it, my countrymen, what was the effect produced upon you and me when that silver metal was stricken down. Onehalf of the value of your property in round numbers was destroyed. Nor was that all. I do not mean that no dollar is honest except that which a hoarder and handler of money claims. I hold that any dollar is an honest dollar which will command one hundred cents' worth of honest toil in the open markets of this world. (Applause.)

SAYS THERE IS NOT \$625,000,000 TO TAKE FLIGHT.

The Secretary tells us that if you get free coinage of silver you will drive \$625,000,000 f gold out of the country. I deny that there is any such amount of gold in circulation in this country now, or that there ever was. I challenge his figures and call for his proof. He can not show that there is to-day or ever was any such the debt we owe them. No abatement of

dollars is the whole product of gold of the world for the last year, and that is less than the number of gold dollars that we a right to assume that the law is being send to Europe every year to pay the inter-obeyed. Now, he can not account for as est on the debt we owe her. England owes a right to assume that the law is being send to Edited we owe her. England owes obeyed. Now, he can not account for as much as three hundred millions of gold, not a dollar of which is in circulation in own people. The balance of the world owes England ten thousand million of dollars. England says pay me in gold, in the dearest money, and she would send up the premium, not to a hundred per cent., but to a thousand per cent., grind labor into the dust, bring poverty upon the masses and starvation and misery so that you give me the pound of flesh that is my due, the pound nearest the heart. "Give me my money," says Shylock, "and give it to me in gold." The United States owes the balance of the week estimate. ance of the world at the lowest estimate eight thousand million of dollars. We owe Europe enough to require us to send each year two hundred millions of gold to pay the interest upon the debt. That is more gold than the whole world produces each year. In heaven's name, tell me, my country men. each year. In neaven's name, tell me, my countrymen, what chance have we ever to pay the principal of that debt? We must pay it in gold, and the world's product does not furnish enough to pay even the interest upon it.

THE MONEY POWER OF THE WORLD IS ARRAYED AGAINST THE SILVER STANDARD.

This is the condition which confronts us; this is the policy they advocate; these are the terms of serfdom that are offered to this people, and the question is, will you accept them? Thank God, the jury in this case is composed of the American people. In this unequal contest the odds and the advantages in the name of the toiling millions of my are against us. Upon the one side stands arrayed the money power backed by all the influences that bulked and aggregated capital can yield. The money power not only of Wall street but of Lombard street, the money power not only of our own East, but of the world, is arrayed against us; but I have an abiding faith in the courage, the downward. He does not deny that all values have shrunken since that law was passed which demonetized the silver metal from 40 to 60 per cent. Your farm products have gone down. Your farm lands have gone down. The products of the men in the workshops have gone down. The products of the men in the workshops have gone down. The product of the laborer in all lines has gore down. Everything has shrunk in value except gold, taxes and debts. Your taxes have not shrunk, your debts have not dwindled. I wish to God they had gone down in proportion to your property and your toil. But the thousand dollar note that you owed to your neighbor stood intact. It never shrunk a penny of value, while your farm and its products went down one-half in value in the markets of the country. Taxes, debts and gold are the only things that have not shrunken by the striking down of one half of the money metal of this country.

MR. CARLISLE CORRECTED IN MIS STATEMENT OF MISTORY.

But the Secretary has medeantly different and there was a general, a permanent of the country of the country. The secretary has medeantly different the country. The secretary has medeantly different the country.

But the Secretary has medeantly different metals and send it up five cents a bushel in less than five minutes. This is gambling. It have an abiding faith in the courage, the intelligence, the manileness of the American people. They are the ones to whose hands are committed the settlement of this great issue. Here is the situation. You can never pay those debts that you owe abroad, that are counted by the billions, until you bring about a steady permanent advance of prices all along the line. No spasmodic jumping up of a single article like wheat on 'change in Chicago the other day, when the crop reports furnished by the Department of Agriculture gave notice to the world that there was a shortage, and there would probably be but half a crop of wheat grown in our country, when Armour and Counselman were able to make a corner on wheat and send it up five cents

abroad.

There must be a general, a permanent advance of prices all along the line. You must put the products of labor of the farm and workshop back upon the basis where the farmer is not compelled, as he is today, to sell the products of his farm in the open markets of the world at prices less

it is impossible.

They tell us of the dire calamities that

have already told you, we have heard those threats before. They never were fufilled. Everything happened under the act of 1878 that Sherman never predicted would come, and not a blessed thing ever did happen that he told us was coming. But they tell us that dire calamities are to befall us if we pass the law restoring silver money to the system of this country. I do not believe it. But suppose for the sake of argument, that it is true. I answer and say to the Secretary and to all the other advocates of gold who think with him, more trouble has already come, more suffering has already been imposed, more poverty has already been endured, as the result of the Sherman law of 1873, than even you claim can be brought upon the American people by the passage of a silver bill. We have gone through more of it than even the gold advocates predict the passage of the silver act could ever bring to the people of this

land. I beg you to remember, my friends, that more than seven hundred million of the civilized people of the world to day stand upon silver and not upon gold. It is true two years, he finds a witness. In his Cov-Europe is upon the gold basis. England demonetized silver in 1816 and tried but never got but one nation to follow her example until 1873. She did induce the Kingdom of Portugal to demonstize silver in 1819; but Portugal was more just and honest than the American financiers who demonetized silver in 1873. When Portugal struck down silver in 1819, by the same law that demonetized it she arbitrarily re-duced every debt in the Portuguese realm 20 per cent. from its face value. law in Portugal that struck down silver reduced every debt owing in that country and provided, whether evidenced by mortgage, bond or note, there should be stricken from the debt 20 per cent, of its value. That law declared that the demonetization of silver was such an outrage on the debtor class that in fairness it was no more than right where a man owed a thousand dollars two hundred dollars should be stricken from the face of his obligation. England never per-suaded anybody but Portugal to follow her example and demonetize silver until 1873, when we did it in February of that year. Germany followed later in the fall of the same year, and the five nations constituting the Latin Union followed in 1876 our bad example. And here is the result for which

we are mainly responsible.

But some of these gentlemen tell us,

"Hold still, keep to the financial system
you have until Europe, and especially England, should grant you permission to put silver back." No, no. The issue is presented plain and fair. Shall we, my countrymen, have a foreign system; shall we have an English system, or an American gress with shields locked and faces to the system, a system of our own. When this country had only four millions of people in it you whipped Great Britain and estab-lished your own system. What sort of sons lit you whipped Great Britain and established your own system. What sort of sons of honored sires disgrace this continent today if seventy million of freemen dare not undertake to maintain a system of their own. What would your forefathers have said if the proposition had been made to them when, flushed with victory over the British armies, the proposition was made to them to tamely hold out their wrists and have the shackles of financial servitude case to be grateful to that distinguished man, no matter how we may differ now or in the future. I know him too well and esteem him too highly, I love him too closely ever to question the integrity of his purpose or the honesty of his intention. I have tried to tell the truth, not in bitterness, not im anger, but in sorrow and with the sincerest feeling of regret. We have come to the parting of our ways. I know of but one allegiance, there is but one I owe this My countrymen, this is the issue. It can

these systems, contrast the present condi-tion of the American laborer with what it was at the end of eighty years of trial under the Jefferson system, and tell me, not as Democrats, not as party men, but as patriots, tell me as American citizens which system was the best for the promotion of your interests. Was it the system founded by the immortal leader of Decounded by the Immortal leader of Decounde mocracy, the builder of free government among the people; was it the Democratic, the Jeffersonian system of olden times, or

toiling millions of the country. He says there is no distinct debtor class among our there is no distinct debtor class among our people, but as far as the debtor class can be located or described, it is not the masses of American people that are in debt, but it is the railroads, the insurance companies, the banks, the savings and trust companies—that these are the principal debtors of this land. The masses are the creditors and the reillesda and hanks are the ors of this land. The masses are the creditors and the railroads and banks are the debtors. Joyful tidings to the thousands of sons of toil! Happy news to the farmer whose farm is plastered over by a mortgage held by the bank! Glad, indeed, is he to know that he has been laboring under a delusion; he does not owe the bank at a delusion; he does not owe the bank at all, but the bank owes him; he is the cred-itor and the bank and the railroad company countrymen, in the name of mercy, in the name of heaven, make one more speech and tell that farmer and the laborer how to proceed to collect that debt. (Applause.) Then we shall all be happy.

It is Painful to Criticise the Administration of His Own Party, but the Truth Must be Told.

tration of His Own Party, but
the Truth Must be Told.

It is no pleasurable duty for me to criticise, to find fault with or to censure the
financial policy, or any other policy that is
adopted and pursued by my own party. I
am a party man. I am a partisan, not simply for the sake of party, but because I
honestly, earnestly and religiously believe
that the best interests of my country, of
every section of it, of all its people, are to
be promoted and served by the triumph of
the principles of my party. I am the last
man to criticise or censure, but my regret is
that I can not complain, as I have done in
the halls of Congress, upon the hustings,
anywhere and everywhere, publicly and
privately, since I entered upon the estate of
manhood, I have been complaining of and
denouncing the financial policy of the Republican party. If I am to continue this
criticism I fear that in a measure at least it
will strike the present financial policy of
my own administration as heavily as it does
the enemy.

What is it I find here to-day in times of
profound peace. This great minister of
finance was for days selling bonds to get
gold to carry on the expenses of this Govsernment. Every time you sell a bond for

amount of bonds not exceeding five hundred million, payable, interest and principal, in gold, and gold alone. Thank heaven, that Congress would not obey that order; that Congress by a vote in both branches refused to knuckle down and obey that command; that Congress declared that it would not add to the already heavy burden that rested upon the bowed, bent back of the taxpayer of this country that much more of an interest-bearing gold-bonded of the taxpayer of this country that much more of an interest-bearing gold-bonded debt. May the great God forget to be gracious either to me or mine, if I ever do while standing upon the floor of the Federal Congress, as the accredited representative and humble, but I trust, honest spokesman of a brave, bold people—may heaven deny to me its blessings if ever I cast a vote to issue a gold-bearing bond as an additional burden upon the debt-paying class of our people. The Republican party tried to drag us into that, and I refused. The Democratic Administration may make the same

drag us into that, and I refused. The Democratic Administration may make the same effort, but God helping me, I shall continue to refuse until I die. (Applause.)

What is the spectacle presented here? Mr. Sherman for twenty-three years has been trying to get converts to this financial policy of his. He never found a witness until now. For nearly a quarter of a century he has stood there upon the floor of the Senate trying to explain that the demonetization act of 1873 was openly, honestly and fairly passed. Over and over has he sworn to it, over and often has he labored in the Senate in his speeches to prove it. I never yet knew him to succeed prove it. I never yet knew him to succeed in convincing anybody of its truth except himself. But now, after the lapse of twenty-Senator John Sherman and asserts that the assassin act of 1873 was an open, fair and manly piece of legislation. I congratulate Mr. Sherman upon having found a distinguished witness at last by whom to prove that the greatest crime of this or any other age had been fairly consummated by the conspirators. He has found not only a witness, but the ablest ally that he could have found with a search warrant upon this earth. Upon this issue Mr. Carliele stands to-day where Mr. Sherman stood

twenty-two years ago.

Gentlemen, it is sometimer not a pleasant duty; but still it is a duty, to tell the truth. It is, my friends, a summing up of the whole issue. I have talked longer than I had intended and I believe longer than I should have had I consulted my strength and your patience. I will leave it where it rests upon the argument. If there is a material or important allegation to be found in the utterances of the distinguished statesman who has come into our midst to join in this discussion that I have omitted to respond to, it is not intentional. I have tried to be fair. Whether I have succeeded or failed I have made an honest and earnest effort. I have tried to-day to pitch the discussion upon the plane where it belongs, without any lack of dignity or lack of fair-

Treasury and I may differ now, I remember that for nearly twenty years we stood shoulder to shoulder in both houses of Confoe battling there together. For the you-man service rendered then I never shall cease to be grateful to that distinguished one allegiance, there is but one I owe this side of the throne of the Omnipotent; it is not be gotten around. You have to meet it in this campaign and the presidential contest next year. The issue is in front of you, you can not flank it, you can not bridge over it, you can not trunnel under it, you have to meet it. Meet it like men, and settle it like men. Judge between these systems, contrast the present condithe allegiance I owe to my people, to that

repudiate its teachings. I will not follow.

It is not for a biased, prejudiced, partisan press to raise the hue and cry that those who think with me are seeking to lead the Democratic party into the camp of the Populists. It is not true. I stand to-day where I have stood throughout my life. I defy the man that lives to hunt the public records of my country and put a finger upon a vote I ever gave, upon an utterance I ever made, that I do not reiterate and reaffirm and justify and defend to-day. I have not changed. I have never been driven from my Democratic mooring and I the Jeffersonian system of older times, or is it the Senator Sherman system of modern times? Was it the double standard of gold and silver as the time-honored metals of a free people or was it the single gold standard that has never found its way into properties agree the standard that has never found its way into standard that has never found its way into circulation among the masses? Is it the money of war or the money of peace that stands as your steadfast friend?

But he has made one more discovery, and with that I believe he finishes. He tells us in his recent speeches that which will be glad tidings of great joy to the toiling millions of the country. He says I could ever hope to be—there is far more danger of the Secretary of the Treasury leading some portion of the Democratic cohorts into the camp of the Republicans.

You need not fear me.

This is the issue you have to confront and to settle. I ask you to settle it as men. Thirty days from this day, one month from this day and this hour, the cohorts of Democracy will have gathered in the city of Louisville to take council of each other. Your State Convention will organize this day one month. From your hill tops, from your mountains and from your walleys the your mountains and from your valleys the truest sons of your Democracy will go to perform an important work, to discharge a grave and serious duty, to nominate a ticket into whose hands is to be confided the standard of your party in the coming battle, to perform a work more important than that, and that is to formulate and draft a platform upon which the Democracy of Kentucky is to rally in the final struggle. Pick your best men, your truest men, your bravest your best men, your truest men, your bravest men, send them to that convention with at

least one instruction.

I am not going to ask you to give them an instruction in favor of any candidate for any office. It matters but little whether they go there for Hardin or Clay, for me or another man; but in the name of the toiling millions of our land, in the name of